THE OLYMPIC

VOL. 1. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1905 NO. 26.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

After canvassing the market from one end to the other we are convinced that the values we offer in boys' and men's

Shirts of All Kinds from Working Shirts to White Dress Shirts

are positively the best that could be got for the money we ask for them.

A Beautiful Line of Silk Shirts at $1.25

The finest line of fit-well shirts you ever saw, strong and well made, combined with the very best of material and a very large range of patterns to choose from.

Our Price 50c Each

Don't Forget the "Belvine" Sock, the kind that's advertised.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

PORT ANGELES

THE DAY OF FLOWERS

Observance of Memorial Day by Grand Army Post and Relief Corps.

Memorial Day 1905 was a perfect day in Port Angeles. Everybody wanted to be out doors to take in the breezes and sunshine and all the other good things. The cause which gave birth to this national holiday is not forgotten by the loyal people of Washington, and never will be forgotten so long as succeeding generations remain true to the old flag of the Union. It is well to observe this day becomingly, for the cause of liberty and justice to all men is strengthened thereby.

The people of this city and neighboring country observed the day in a graceful manner. Flags were floating to the breeze from many of our business places and business was generally suspended during the exercises in the afternoon. The exercises were under the direction of the men who were boys forty years ago, who kept step with the music of the Union, and who carried to victory the old flag which is honored today wherever liberty is prized.

Details from the Post went out early in the morning and placed wreaths, flags and flowers on the graves of soldiers in the cemetery.

The procession was formed on Front street. The parade was led by martial music. The cadets of the high school were out in full force in khaki uniform, acting as a guard of honor. The men of the G. A. R. and the women of the W. R. C. came next. The children of the public schools, God bless them, followed. It was a fine procession and presented an imposing appearance. The parade was west on Front street to Oak street, south on Oak to First street, and back over the same route to the opera house. The opera house was well filled. The four sides of the large hall were draped with bunting, and bunting hung in graceful festoons from the center of the ceiling to the four corners of the room. On the platform was a profusion of flowers. Fragrant roses, entwined with ivy, circled the entire front of the platform. A monument, bearing the inscription, "unknown graves," was dressed with mourning and covered with beautiful flowers. The speakers stand was covered with bunting and with roses. Commander Harding opened the meeting. The orchestra gave a selection and orders were read by the Post Adjutant. Reading of Roll of Honor of Pacific Post, also by the Adjutant. Reading of Lincoln's Gettysburg address. Music by choir. Short G. A. R. ritual service, conducted by officers of the Post, followed. Music. Recitation by Mr. Scott Perkins. Music. Rev. Whelan then gave a fine address; it was along historical lines and teeming with patriotism and good thoughts—reciting instances which led up to and during the war of the rebellion. The speaker addressed his thoughts to the young men of the high school—the Cadets—who occupied the front seats. He said that slavery was not, as many supposed, the prime cause of the civil war—the war would have come without slavery. The nullification of the acts of congress by the State of South Carolina, and not slavery, was the first cause of the civil war. The fire-eaters of South Carolina, the home of treason and the breeding place of rebellion, had not learned to control themselves. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, because of the inherent weakness of the human heart. "The Union must and shall be preserved," was the battle cry of the patriotic north, which stirred the blood of young hearts and gave to the world one of the grandest exhibitions of patriotism. By your heroism, veterans of the civil war, it was saved and bequeathed to us. By your sufferings, citizenship is our birthright. By your hands our peerless flag was kept floating—a free and a united people.

At the close of the service, the procession was again formed, the old soldiers and members of the relief corps marching to the Morse wharf, where the beautiful ceremony of casting flowers upon the waters of the bay in honor of the brave sailors who stood as a bulwark for the protection of the flag during the dark days of the rebellion, was gone through with. A detail from the Corps took their seats on a steam launch and scattered the flowers while the choir sang, "Nearer My God to Thee." All united in singing, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," when, after the march to the hall, the exercises of the day were at a close.

Let Memorial Day be gracefully and patriotically observed every time the 30th of May comes round. Let orators and poets continue to teach the country that our welfare and prosperity depend upon fidelity to law, a high regard for public morals and humanity, adherance to the covenant — the eternal voice of the majority — and above all, allegiance to the constitution and the flag, such as was borne —even unto death—by those who defended the cause we honor on that day.

Memorial services of much impressiveness were held at the opera house Sunday afternoon, May 28th. The address was delivered by the pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. W. H. Whelan, upon the subject of "The Hand of God in the Affairs of Men." It was an eloquent memorial sermon and the speaker was paid the closest attention.

The military orders present were Pacific Post No. 48, Grand Army of the Republic, and Pacific Relief Corps, No. 21, the Veterans and the Corps marching in a body from their hall to their seats in the large auditorium of the opera house. On the platform, beside the speaker, were seated the clergy of the city and officers of the Post and Corps. The platform and speaker's desk were profusely decorated with flags and bunting, potted plants and cut flowers. Music was furnished by a special choir, Miss McDonnell, Mrs. Williston, Mrs. Engesser, Mrs. Silverwood, Mrs. McKechnie, Mr. McKechnie, Major Crooks, L. Watkins, assisted by the orchestra of the Methodist church. Patriotic selections were sung.

Rev. Whelan's address was replete with excellent thought, reciting many instances in both ancient and modern history where the hand of God was manifested in the shaping of the destinies of men. The address was well received. With the close came a song from the choir and the benediction.

THE IDEA A GOOD ONE

Create a Spirit of Loyalty and Interest in the Welfare of the City.

The idea of a Boosters' Club for Angeles, as presented in a late issue of the Olympic, has been very favorably received. A number have talked the proposition over and expressed a desire to join such a club when organized. The Tacoma club was established as a result of a visit to that city by a member of the Denver Boosters' Club. As one speaker at the opening meeting said, "To help our town we must create a love and enthusiasm for it. Everybody should get in and talk Tacoma. We need a Tacoma spirit. While I do not believe in some of the things that the Seattle spirit has resulted in, I do know that they have developed a spirit there which has been of untold advantage to them." And now the young men of Seattle have also taken up the idea and propose to make the most of it.

Just what is a Boosters' Club? The By-Laws give a complete answer to the question. The following are those adopted by the Tacoma club:

I. The name of the association is "Tacoma Boosters."

II. The objects of the Tacoma Boosters are to:

Bring Tacoma citizens together.
Get them to pull together.
All Boost.
Work for the good of the city.
Learn the facts about Tacoma.
Talk Tacoma all the time.
Good Fellowship.
Push along all good movements.
Make boosting contagious.
Never knock.

III. All citizens with faith in Tacoma and willing to help boost are eligible to membership.

IV. Citizens may become Boosters by signing these rules and paying an entrance fee of 50 cents.

V. The emblem of membership shall be a button of this design to be worn on lapel of every Booster's coat, "Tacoma Boosters" white lettering, black ground, mountain center.

VI. Regulates nominal dues.

VII. Provides for officers.

VIII. The Tacoma Boosters shall hold regular monthly meetings on the second Tuesday of each month. Special meetings may be convened upon the call of the executive committee. Social features shall be made as prominent as possible at the regular meetings of the Tacoma Boosters.

Another speaker at the opening meeting thus expressed the objects and advantages of such an organization: "We need such a club as the proposed one. We have got to create a spirit of loyalty and interest in the city's welfare. Tacoma has not received the support it should from its citizens. There is lots of division and dissension. It is essential that we should be united and push our town to the forefront among cities."

Mr. Fletcher, who had been president of the Denver chamber of commerce and assisted in organizing the Boosters' club in Denver, said at the Tacoma meeting: "There is no reason why Tacoma should not be the greatest city on the coast. It has natural advantages and no amount of knocking can keep it from forging to the front. But what it needs is boosting. Its citizens must stick up for it and let the outside world know what we have here."

Amongst the advertising matter prepared by the club are a number of leaflets to be enclosed by the members, the business men and citizens generally when writing to eastern parties. Each of these shows some view of Tacoma and sets forth a few pertinent facts. People here, tho fairly well posted as to Seattle, have very little idea of Tacoma's advancement. For instance, did you know that Tacoma's population had increased 59.3 per cent in four years? That her post office receipts had increased 77 per cent; her bank clearings 97; her customs receipts 148; all in four years? Realty transfers have increased 79 per cent in two years; building permits 238 per cent in four years; ocean commerce 63 per cent in four years; cut of lumber mills 96 per cent and of shingle mills 94 per cent in three years. Increase in telephones 250 per cent in four years.

Now while Angeles cannot make a similar showing, she has many advantages that could be set forth in as good shape, and thus furnish just the information people here are really in need of to send eastern inquirers. A boosters' club could do good work along a number of lines, and the project deserves serious consideration.

TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH

In Unity There is Strength. Let Everyone Take It Up With Spirit.

At a meeting of the Commercial Club held yesterday for the purpose of considering the celebration of the 4th of July, a committee consisting of Messrs. Day, Brophy, J. L. Aldwell, Burnside, C. S. Stakemiller, Grubb, E. E. Fisher, and Caldwell was appointed by the chair, on motion of Mayor Appleton, to take charge of the affair, appoint subcommittees, etc. It was the unanimous sentiment of all present that we should not only have a celebration, but a rousing one replete with continuous entertainment for all visitors.

A meeting of the above executive committee will be held Monday evening, when sub-committees will be appointed and the work taken in hand with energy.

FOURTH PARK DAY.

Civic Club will Hold Fourth Park Day Friday, June 16th

Everyone who can work come and bring your tools, such as cross cut saws, mattock, axe, rake, sledge and wedges, etc. The Club particularly wishes to have the creek cleaned out on this occasion.

Aiso bring your basket—the ladies will furnish coffee.

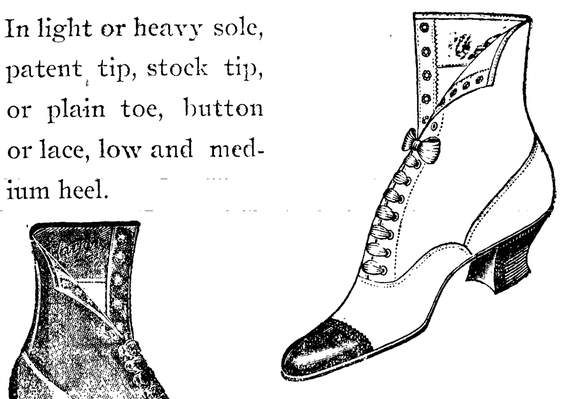
The Club is very anxious to get the Park in good shape by 4th of July. It is a public park and every citizen of Port Angeles should help, either by labor, by sending a good man to work, or by money.

Come everybody and do one big day's work. If anyone can furnish a good horse it will be much appreciated.

Major Harding of the Advisory Board will interview the business and professional men this next week to secure their personal assistance, or the wherewith to employ a substitute, for next Park Day. He should, and certainly will, meet with a hearty response from everyone.

Our Ladies $2.00 Shoe

In light or heavy sole, patent tip, stock tip, or plain toe, button or lace, low and medium heel.



These are the best $2 Shoes for fit or wear that are ever put on a lady's foot. Try a pair of them. Most of these shoes are made to sell for more money but we shall sell them at $2.00 a pair.

ALF. A. DAVIS,

Port Angeles, Wash.

SOCIAL, CLUB & LODGE NOTES

WHIST AND SURPRISE PARTIES, ENTERTAINMENTS AND SOCIALS

A Red, White, & Blue Party

The invited guests have been looking forward for the past week with not a little curiosity to the afternoon of June 1st, when they were bidden by the hostess, Mrs. J. Gutenberg, to travel either the white, red or blue line to Haning Hall, at a stated hour. Upon arriving there they found the hall beautifully decorated in the above colors with the addition of dainty green vines and ferns. They were then introduced to the different lines which proved to be first a line of red covered tables, then white and lastly blue. Score cards, in the shape of letters, L for the ladies and G for the one to represent gentlemen, were then strung around each guest's neck, the color of card corresponding to the line you were to travel. Three prizes were awarded in each line. For those who did not care to play cards, various enjoyable contests were provided, so that in all over twenty prizes were awarded. The color scheme was carried out in the delicious luncheon served, to which the hundred guests did ample justice. Mrs. Gutenberg is a most genial and hospitable hostess and her unique party was a delight to all of her guests.

Surprise on Nat Hawkins.

Mr. N. M. Hawkins was given a very pleasant surprise on last Saturday evening by a goodly number of his friends who had learned that this was his birthday anniversary. Whist formed the chief amusement of the evening and the highest scores were made by Mrs. Peterson and Mr. Lew Gehrke, who were awarded a china olive dish and cigar tray respectively, while Mrs. Shaffer and Mr. John Stokes received the consolations. An excellent lunch was served and a jolly time enjoyed by all present.

Mrs. Lutz, Mrs. W. L. Church and Mrs. G. V. Smith are all enjoying a session with the Federation of Clubs at Walla Walla this week.

Mrs. Ross very pleasantly entertained the Woman's Literary Club last week. This week the hostess is Mrs. Seevers.

Outing at Agate Beach.

Last Sunday Harvey Anderson and Ernest O'Brien doubled teams and took a crowd of 21 pleasure seekers to Agate Beach. The crowd was chiefly Oklahomans, with a sprinkle of Kansans, and while the general supposition here seems to be that an Oklahoman's main education consists of his proficiency in dodging cyclones, they proved upon this occasion that they knew how to have a jolly good time and plenty to eat. All returned voting for another outing in the near future. Those who went were: Messrs and Mesdames Anderson, McMillen, Hall, Jerman, Critchfield, Fleming, Critchfield and children. Messrs. O'Brien, Boles and McNay.

Observed Memorial Day.

The Lincoln Heights school observed Memorial Day last Friday. Decorations of red, white and blue, and black interwoven in memory of the departed, had been made. The old soldiers were invited to be present and interesting talks were given by Mr. Doty on stories of camp life, Rev. Whelan on Libbey prison, and Mr. Watkins related some experiences of the war. An excellent program was given by the pupils, consisting of music, drills and recitations.

A corps of workers of the Lincoln Heights, M. E. church, under the leadership of their new pastor, the Rev. O. F. Tovrea, has been successful in fitting up the church parlors as a parsonage.

The meeting of the Saturday Reading Club with Mrs. Cross was postponed until this week on account of Park Day and the banquet given the teachers by Civic Club.

The work at the Park goes steadily if slowly on, and it is the hope of the Civic Club to have it in good shape before the Fourth. Saturday was a perfect day in the woods.

Allen Trumbull, who graduated this year from the law department of the State University, has secured a position at Portland during the Fair.

A BOWER OF "JUNE" ROSES

The Card and Dancing Party of the Social Season on Wednesday Evening.

One of the most delightful parties ever given in Port Angeles was that on Wednesday evening last when Mr. and Mrs. Delabarre, Dr. and Mrs. Mead, and Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Trumbull entertained about one hundred of their friends at a card and dancing party in Haning Hall.

The beautiful floral decorations were the admiration of everyone. The front of the stage was banked with ferns and rhododendrons sent from Townsend. The arch above was draped in English Ivy, studded over with roses, with a large basket of roses hanging from the center; on each side of the archway lace curtains, tastefully decorated with ferns, were draped and beautiful bouquets of roses were in evidence everywhere, with a background of ferns whereever possible. One end of the hall was converted into a cosy nook and behind the draped settee, extending almost across the end of the hall, was stretched a large fish net artistically decorated all over with red roses and ferns; it was surely a thing of beauty.

Whist was enjoyed until eleven o'clock when a delicious luncheon was served, and with it a lovely pink rose bud for each guest. Sweet music by the orchestra delighted the guests during luncheon and made the lovers of dancing long to be tripping the light fantistic toe.

The awarding of prizes was first on the program, however, and Mrs. Ritchie was found to have won the greatest number of points by the ladies and was presented a dainty hand painted china sugar and creamer; Mr. Lauridsen was the lucky gentleman and received hand painted china salt and pepper. Mrs. W. B. Webster was consoled with a beautiful bouquet of roses and Mr. Maurice Fisher with a pair of fancy slippers.

Tables and chairs were soon cleared away and all formed on for the Grand March and then for a good old-fashioned quadrille which provoked much merriment for all and put everyone in the best of humor. Frappe proved a most refreshing drink, served all during the evening. The dancing and merrymaking was continued until the small hours of morning when the last of the jolly company departed, declaring they had never spent a more pleasant evening and voting the hosts and hostesses royal entertainers. The invited guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames Appleton, Aldwell, Aldwell, Brophy, Brumfield, Babcock, Butler, Bayton, Brown, Christensen, Cain, Carusi, Cooke, Cushing, Cushing, Cross, Craig, Day, Farmer, Filion, FitzHenry, F. Fisher, E. Fisher; M. Fisher, Griggs, Gutenberg, Gutenberg, Grubb, Hartt, Hirsch, Hatch, Haswell, Harding, Hamblin, Jensen, Jensen, Johnson, Lutz, Lauridsen, Mathewson, McGillivray, McClinton, McGill, Morse, Nailor, Lovejoy, Ovington, Payne, Ritchie, W. B. Smith, A. Smith, Trumbull, Ware, Webster, Webster; Mrs. W. L. Church; Miss Suder; R. J. Trumbull.

Mrs. VanKuren and Mrs. Hoare were selected as delegates and Mrs. Engesser and Mrs. Silverwood as alternates to represent the Relief Corps at the State Encampment of the G.A. R. at Portland on June 20th.

The Lady Maccabees will give a program and social in Haning Hall June 13. Admission 10 cts. Ice cream and cake 10 cents. Everybody invited.

PARK PICNIC DAY SATURDAY

Civic Club Entertained Teachers in the Afternoon and Served Supper.

Last Saturday was an ideal picnic day, so quite a few besides the workers joined the Civic Club in a picnic dinner. Quite a little work was accomplished toward beautifying the park and it is hoped it will be in good shape before the Fourth.

In the afternoon a large number of the Civic Club ladies met and entertained the teachers of the schools as planned during institute. A fine supper was prepared by the ladies and the long table in the park presented a very pretty appearance with its handsome bouquets of roses and with ferns and pansies scattered gracefully around over the white table cloth; the decorating was the artistic work of Mrs. Brophy.

After the guests had enjoyed the feast of good things, the spectators listened to some pleasant incidents related by the teachers—a slip of paper at each plate told what the owner must do and some recited poems, some gave conundrums, while others gave amusing incidents of their experiences as teachers. Mrs. Cushing then made a few pleasant remarks and hoped the teachers would form some kind of an association to co-operate with the Civic Club for mutual benefit. After some discussion it was decided that a committee of five teachers be appointed to meet, sometime this summer, five ladies from the Civic Club to plan work for the coming year. A good deal was said in favor of having some kind of a lecture course, which would surely meet with favor from all our intellectually inclined people.

ANGELES BOYS WON; 12 TO 9.

Return Game will be Played at Port Townsend.

The ball game yesterday between the High School teams of Townsend and Angeles was won by the latter with a score of 9 to 12. The attendance was good—the receipts being sufficient to pay all expenses, including those of the Townsend team—and everyone was well pleased, both with the sport afforded and the gentlemanly bearing of all contestants. The Angeles boys will go up to Townsend for a return game in about two weeks.

THE TEAMS.

Reid	catcher	VanBrunt
Swanson	pitcher	McKechnie
Whitney	short stop	Bayton
A. Flint	1st base	McDonald
M. Flint	2nd base	Myers
Lovejoy	3rd base	Lutz
Hunt	center	Gehrke
Godfrey	right	Bown
Myrick	left	Mahaffy

SCORE.

Townsend	0 0 1 0 3 0 4 1 0	9
Angeles	3 0 1 6 0 0 0 2	12

MRS. GRUBB'S MONSTER TROUT.

A Royal Specimen of the Beardsley Species Caught at Lake Crescent.

P. Grubb and family, of the Commercial, have been enjoying an outing at Lake Crescent for the past week or so, returning Wednesday with some great stories to relate of the sport to be had there this summer. A fair average specimen of their catch, landed by Mrs. Grubb, was brought in Monday by Herbert Baker and shown at the Commercial as Exhibit A. It weighed about 14 lbs. and was a perfect beauty.

A handsome granite shaft, the largest monument in Ocean View Cemetery, was erected this week to mark the resting place of Wm. Jennings, formerly of Port Crescent. The lot was also enclosed with an ornamental iron fence.

FURNITURE

UP-TO-DATE GOODS

We carry a most complete line of everything in Furniture. The goods are from the most reliable manufacturers in the country and are all new and stylish — the finest and largest stock in this vicinity. It will be to your interest as well as ours for you to give our store a visit before you make your selections of furniture.

REASONABLE PRICES

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

Mrs. McFarlane was an arrival Wednesday.

Geo. H. Clementson returned Monday from a trip up sound.

Mrs. J. G. McClinton returned Monday from her visit in Seattle.

John M. Bell is all right again after a few days attack of the la grippe.

Mrs. Wm. Jennings, of Port Crescent, returned home from a Seattle visit on Monday.

John Machenheimer was in town Tuesday attending the Memorial Day exercises.

Judge and Mrs. Hatch, with the children, went to Seguin Thursday morning. The Judge goes on to Townsend on business while Mrs. Hatch will visit in Seguin.

Mrs. Metcalf and Miss Mae McClure left on Friday's boat for Vancouver, where they will visit for a few days and then go on to Portland to take in the exposition.

The Filion lumber mill has closed for a month while a few repairs and changes are being made; the shingle department, however, will continue right along.

Mrs. Arthur Thompson came down from Bremerton yesterday, where Mr. Thompson is engaged as machinist at the navy yard, to attend the graduating exercises, and visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar McLaughlin.

F. A. Jensen returned from Seattle today.

A. C. Peterson returned Wednesday for a short visit here.

All the schools picnic or have a treat of some kind today.

Mr. Muskett is building a new house on Eleventh and Peabody.

A son was born to Mr. and John Stevens on last Sunday, May 28.

J. A. Smith, city clerk, is putting on an addition and other repairs to his home.

Little Miss Leonice Cushing gives a party to her friends at her grandmothers' home tomorrow afternoon.

The City Fish Market had five fine Tyee salmon Monday, speared in Morse Creek, the largest of which weighed 38 lbs.

The road to the cemetery, so long in need of improvement, has been put in first class shape during the past two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Wilcox are enjoying a visit from the latters sister, Mrs. Allie Evens and children of Dungeness, who arrived today to attend graduating exercises.

The Fish Products Co. made a trial with their new skid net, a net weighted to be dragged upon the bottom, this week and lost it. The cost was about $200, and two weeks will be required before another can be gotten ready.

Favorite Recipes Used By Port Angeles' Cooks

MRS. AL JENSEN'S SALAD DRESSING

½ pt. milk, yolk 3 eggs, butter size walnut, 1 teaspoon salt, ½ cup sugar, 2 even tablespoons corn starch, 2 table spoons vinegar, pepper and teaspoon mustard mixed with vinegar. Let milk boil, then add corn starch; then add eggs. Take from stove and add mustard and vinegar. Thin with lemon juice and cream.

MRS. N. K. MEAD'S CREAMED CABBAGE.

Cut head of cabbage into quarters and soak for two hours. Shake dry and chop rather fine, then put into kettle of boiling salted water and boil for twenty minutes. Drain and return to kettle. To each head of cabbage allow two tablespoons of butter, a teaspoon of salt and a salt spoonful of pepper; add a cup of sweet milk and a little thickening. Stir until it reaches boiling point, then serve at once.

MRS. CHAS. HIRSCH'S MARROW BALLS.

Rub one heaping teaspoonful of marrow to a cream and mix with it the yolk of one egg, one-fourth of a teaspoon of chopped parsley, then add to the mixture three tablespoons of grated bread crumbs and the stiff beaten white of an egg. Form it into small balls and boil for seven minutes in soup.

MRS. AL JENSEN'S VEAL LOAF.

3 lbs. veal, one lb. salt pork (chopped fine), 4 soda crackers, 2 eggs, salt and pepper to taste; mix well and make a loaf, cover with small pieces of butter; put in oven and bake, put little water in pan to prevent burning. A little onion may be added if desired.

Don't forget Seevers, the cash man, he will save you money.

Go to Seevers when you want 25c coffee.

SEGUIN NOTES.

The last week has been very pleasant and crops are all growing fast.

Mr. Chas. Fitzgerald met with a very heavy loss on Wednesday of last week. While himself and crew were eating dinner his saw mill caught fire from the slab pile and was burned to the ground. The efforts of the crew merely saved the planer room and outstanding buildings. It is not known whether he will rebuild or not but the people of Seguin sincerely hope he will and that he will not be visited again by such a misfortune.

The relatives of Mr. Henry Taylor received the sad news of his death from pneumonia. The remains will be sent here for interment.

Seguin had a number of new arrivals last week, there being boys born to the following homes: James Bell, F.B. Main and J.W. Craig.

Mrs. E. T. Huff went to Seattle Tuesday last to attend the funeral of a sister. She returned on Saturday's boat, accompanied by her younger sister.

Mr. J. Faucett, of Faucett Bros., Tacoma, was in town Monday and appointed Mr. J. W. Grant resident agent and collector

J. F. Nebergall was a passenger on Wednesday's incoming stage, returning from a business trip up sound.

The ten round glove contest which took place in the hall Friday evening, was attended by a large number of sports and went the ten rounds. Wm. Tansill, the referee, declared it a draw, altho it was the sense of the house that Lopaz ought to have had the decision.

That was a refreshing shower we had Wednesday night.

If you want to buy any cows, horses or pigs, call on Davis & Keeler, Seguin.

Wm. Thomas of Fremont was a visitor to Seguin the first of last week.

Most of the dairymen of Seguin are utilizing the irrigation water in the old fashioned way, and making it turn their separators and churns with the aid of a water wheel.

The citizens of Seguin observed Memorial Day by a general gathering at the school house, where a very appropriate program was rendered, after which the school children and Yoeman Lodge marched to the cemetery and decorated the graves of the departed. The Grand Army had several members in line who marched to the graves of their old comrades and covered them with rhododendrons.

Master Hammond Keeler received a gift from his grand-father the other day in the shape of a real live "Billy Goat." It is well broke and Hammond is kept busy giving his chums a ride.

Mrs. Ross and children were returning passengers for Seattle Friday last.

The Indepeneent Telephone Co. have announced to their patrons that hereafter all parties paying 'phone rent will be entitled to free use of the line to Hadlock, Quilcene, Center, Leland, and all intermediate points. The usual toll has been 40c for a oonnection, which will still apply to non-subscribers.

C.W. Carpenter has just given his house a nice new coat of paint which is quite an improvement.

Seguin now has a sexton for her cemetery, the county commissioners having appointed C. W. Carpenter to the position.

Mrs. Emma Brooks was an arrival from Seattle Monday. She will spend a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Knapman.

EAST CLALLAM.

From the Record.

D. A. Christopher arrived yesterday from Angeles.

Jack Douglass was in town on Wednesday from Beaver on his way up sound.

C. W. Grader brought 12 head of Jersey cows from up sound a few days ago to stock his ranch at Forks.

S. G. Morse and Ben Chambers came down from Port Angeles yesterday on their way out to Beaver lake fishing.

William Crawford is in town from Pysht to meet his neice, Miss Keyes, who is expected here on a visit from Tacoma.

Harry Colby went to Seattle a few days ago to prove up on his homestead. He was accompanied by Clark Hansen and W. H. Carpenter.

William Crawford is getting an office ready at Pysht for the Weather Bureau station which is about to be removed from Twin to Pysht.

Five hundred dollars is asked for from the county by the settlers of Ozette to make a good road from the lake to Quillayute. Commissioner Christopher is now out looking into the matter of this road.

It is reported that the Pysht postoffice will be removed from Pontine's place to Crawford's on the beach and the mail landed from the steamer instead of being carried overland from here.

Citizens of the west end are anxious to get the Quillayute road improved by cut-offs around the steep hills and the following petition for that purpose, is now in circulation:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Clallam county, we the undersigned residents and tax payers embracing the entire county from East Clallam to Lapush, respectfully petition your honorable body to appropriate the sum of $2,500 from the general road fund, for the purpose of grading around the hills on the Clallam and Quillayute road near East Clallam.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Council met in regular session Tuesday evening with Councilman Bown in chair, and Brumfield, Brophy, Hallahan, Polhamus, Bown, and City Clerk present.

Coun. Hallahan for light committee reported that Frank Miller had been continued in charge as engineer until permanent arrangements could be made.

Applications for position of engineer at power house were received from W. E. H. Lyster at $110 per month and from Wm.T. Wetzel at $125 per month were filed.

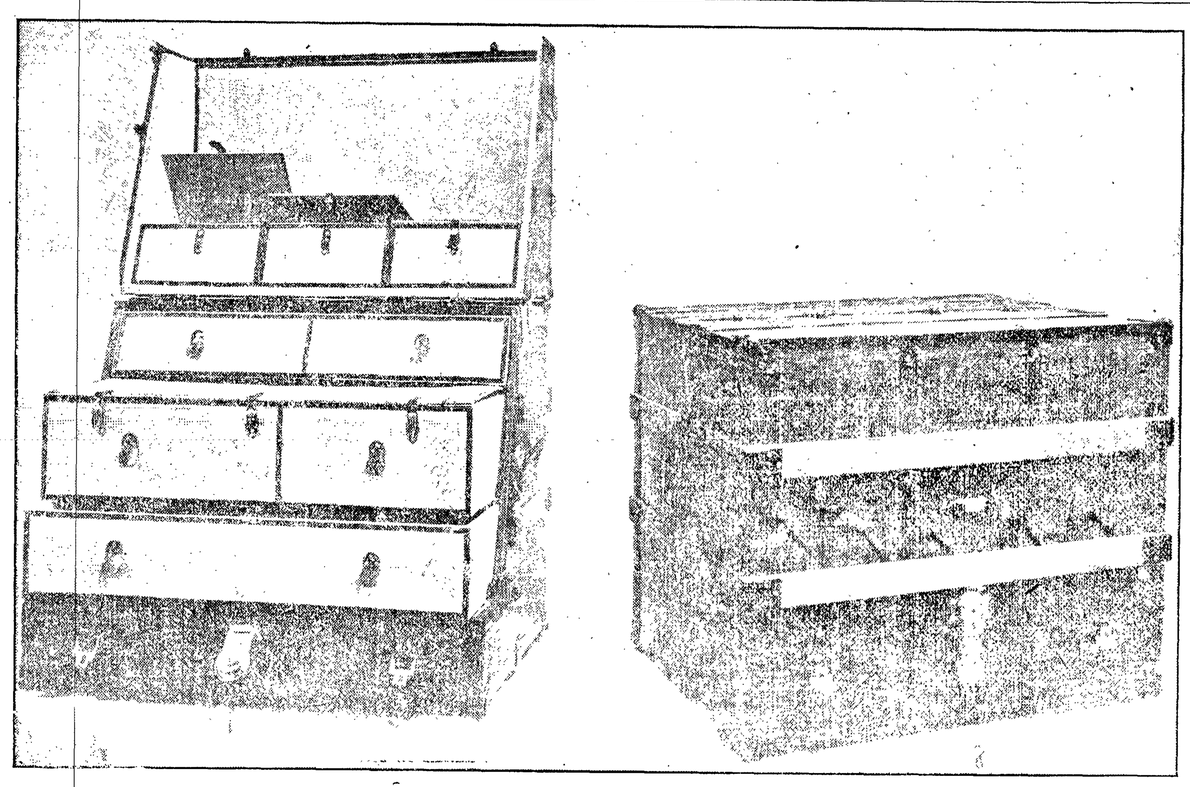
Motions that notice be published calling for proposals, to be considered at next meeting, to operate plant at charge not exceeding $110 per month, and that light committee continue services of engineer Miller until next session were carried.

LOST—Mooley Heifer, 1 year old, color between brindle and red, strap with ring on neck. Lost about April 1st on Lincoln Heights. Finder please return to P. McCoff and receive reward.

OUR 4TH OF JULY GIFT

Will be drawn for on July 4th. One Ticket with each $1 purchase.

TIMES CLOTHING MART



CHURCH SERVICES

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Horace Williston, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 8:00 p m. Sunday school 10 a m. Epworth League 7:00 p. m.

Lincoln Heights M. E. church services each Sabbath morning at 11 a. m. Sabbath school at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting Friday evening at 8 p. m. sharp. Rev. Owen F. Tovera, Pastor.

St. Andrew's Episcopal Church services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m Rev. Jas. Cheal, pastor. All are welcome.

Baptist Church Services morning and evening, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., at both of which Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach. All the people are cordially invited to hear this earnest man.

First Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at Science Hall, Second St., Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. All are welcome.

The Socialist Club meets every 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month at Haning hall at 2 o'clock. All are welcome.

THE COAST.

The Coast, a monthly magazine published by Honor L. Wilhelm, Seattle, Washington, is a representative periodical of the Northwest; and should have the subscription and advertising support of every public-spirited and enterprising resident of the Northwest. Already the magazine has a circulation of over five thousand names upon its mailing list and it does seem that its advertising pages should have more of the firms doing business in the West therein represented. The work of the magazine is to gather and publish the early history and the present conditions and resources of the Northwest. illustrating the same with excellent half-tone engravings and illustrations, at the same time publishing from time to time such stories and literary matter as it is able to secure from the writers of the Northwest. In

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have no voice in the management or control of the "Westphal County Home." This right has been usurped and denied me by the Honorable Board of County Commissioners.

This action seems to have been taken on account of my troublesomeness in reference to what I consider very inefficient and negligent management.

D. A. CHRISTOPHER,
Elected as Com'r 3rd Dist.

SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Anna A. Hawthorn, Plaintiff, vs. William J. Hawthorn, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said William J. Hawthorn, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit; within sixty days after the 19th day of May A. D. 1905, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, Geo. Venable Smith, at his office, below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

This action is brought to dissolve the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address Port Angeles, Washington.

Date of first publication of this summons May 19th, 1905.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Leading Professional, Mercantile and Trades People of Port Angeles

PROFESSIONAL.

Attorneys.

Clementson, Geo.
Cochran, J. E.
McClinton & McClinton.
Richardson, A. A.
Ritchie, Wm.
Smith, Geo. V.
Stewart, James.
Trumbull & Trumbull.

Dentists.

Mead & Butler.

Physicians.

Appleton, T. J.
McGillivray, D. E.

MERCANTILE.

Abstracts.

Brumfield Abstract Co.
Clallam County Abstract Co.

Banks.

Bank of Clallam County.
Citizens' National Bank.

Bakeries.

Palace Bakery and Candy Manufactory
Poole's Bakery.

Barbers.

Merritt, C. F.
Mitchell, Herman.
Pioneer Barber Shop.

Brewery.

Angeles Brewing and Malting Co.
Angeles Bottling Company.

Clothiers.

Lutz, S. J. & Co.
Times Clothing Mart.

Confectionery and Fruits.

Hart, H. J.
Mason's Palace of Sweets.
Raymond's News Stand.
Warnock Bros.

Cigars and Tobaccos.

Dale, C. S.
Hart, H. J.
Mason, H. O.
Raymond's News Depot.
Shields' Cigar Store.
White's News Stand.

Druggists.

Fisher Pharmacy.
Mathewson's Pharmacy.
Nailor, C. E. & Co.

Fish Markets.

City Fish and Products Market.

Footwear.

Davis, Alf. A.
Lutz, S. J. & Co.
Times Clothing Mart.

Furniture.

Baker's 2nd hand Store.
Gutenberg Bros.
Willson Hardware Co.

Grocers.

Brophy, T. S. & Co.
Gray & Stewart.
Merrill, E. W. & Co.
Port Angeles Grocery Co.
Seevers, E. E.

Hardware.

Gutenberg Bros.
Willson, R. D., Hardware Co.

Hotels.

Commercial Hotel.
Globe Hotel.
Merchants' Hotel.

Jewelry.

Williams, P. J.

Job Printing.

The Olympic Press.

Laundry.

Crystal Steam Laundry.

Livery.

Chambers' Livery and Transfer.
Johnson's Livery and Transfer.
Thompson, C. W.

Lumber.

Filion Lumber & Shingle Co.
Giest & Gose.

Machinists.

Lyster, W. E.

The Seattle Daily & Sunday Times

Occupies Its Own Building
Cor. Union St. and Second Ave.

7 Days a Week—50 Cents Month

By Mail or Carrier

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, publishers of the aforesaid newspapers, are the SOLE OWNERS of the following NEWS FRANCHISES for publication in the City of Seattle: —

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY SERVICE, furnished by leased wire terminating in THE TIMES building.

THE PUBLISHERS' PRESS, exclusively for THE SUNDAY TIMES and in every way as FULL and THOROUGH as The Associated Press.

THE HEARST SYNDICATE, which is a special service of a unique character both in contents and illustrations.

SPECIAL SERVICE from the National Capital, New York, Chicago, The Twin Cities and the Pacific Northwest, ranging from 1,000 to 6,000 words daily.

THE SUNDAY TIMES is admittedly the GRANDEST NEWSPAPER published west of CHICAGO, having no peer on the Pacific Coast. The circulation of THE SUNDAY TIMES has now reached 46,000. THE SUNDAY TIMES runs from 44 to 56 pages every issue.

THE DAILY TIMES, ranging from 14 to 28 pages, now exceeds 37,000 circulation and is the BEST EVENING NEWSPAPER published in the United States, with the exception of the Chicago News.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, issued every Wednesday, consists of 16 pages, and is the greatest Weekly for the money published in this field.

THE SUNDAY TIMES costs $2.25 per annum, or 20 cents a month

THE DAILY TIMES costs $6 per annum, or 50 cents a month.

THE WEEKLY TIMES costs $1 per annum.

It actually takes 40 per cent of all the white paper consumed by all the daily newspapers published in Washington to publish the various editions of THE TIMES.

If you want the BEST, the LARGEST, and yet the CHEAPEST for actual cash paid, subscribe for one of these editions.

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, Seattle, Wash.

THE PAPER FOR FARMERS

—IS—

THE RANCH

of Seattle. Twice a month, 50 cents a year. No better paper for the farmer, dairyman or horticulturist of the Northwest is published. The Ranch gives information of practical value, peculiarly adapted to conditions here—no trashy stuff. Men and women on the farm write for it from their own experiences. Each department is in charge of a well-known writer experienced in his line. F. Walden, represented here, edits the horticultural department, and H. L. Blanchard writes on poultry and the dairy. Mrs. S. C. Butcher conducts a woman's depatment and R. J. Boryer the legal column. A feature of The Ranch is a number of fine illustrations of agricultural subjects each issue. You get

THE RANCH AS A PREMIUM

with our paper by subscribing or renewing now, and paying the price named below. Do not delay. One year's price for both

THE RANCH AND THE OLYMPIC 75 CTS.

H. C. MILLER

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Lists Property for Sale or Rent

Johnson & Bork Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wall Paper
Painting and Paper Hanging

THE OLYMPIC

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by Ed. B. Webster.

Entered as second-class matter December 30th 1904, at the post office at Port Angeles, Wash. under the Act of Congress of March 3, '79.

Subscription Price, 50 cts. per Year; 25 cts. Six Months

AND THE END IS FAR HENCE.

On Wednesday afternoon of this week the first preliminary skirmish in the Railroad Case took place before Judge Hatch. We understand that the matters before the court were of a preliminary nature, mainly to strike out certain portions of the complaint for the reason that they were immaterial. J. B. Metcalfe, of Seattle, was in the city to represent the relators, in conjunction with Mr. Stewart. After the argument the relators wished an opportunity to file a brief, claiming to be surprised by the point raised by the attorneys for the defendants. The court granted their request and gave them five days in which to file a brief, and Messrs. Trumbull & Trumbull five days thereafter in which to file a reply brief, if they so desired, and there the matter stands.

We understand that while in the city Mr. Metcalfe was exhibiting a telegram received on that day from Mr. Belvin to the effect that favorable news from the court was very important. This is in a line with Mr. Belvin's dealings. We cannot understand how favorable or unfavorable news from the court can affect the status of the railroad situation in view of the fact that the trustees now in control have repeatedly announced that when Mr. Belvin and his associates can show that they can and will build the railroad in accordance with their contract, they will gladly turn over the entire control to him. We happen to know that this inclination was wired to Mr. Belvin within a day or two after the election of the board of trustees, but without results.

Ws also understand that Mr. Higgins, several weeks ago, wrote Mr. Belvin to the same effect, but up to this date has not even had the courtesy of an acknowledgement.

Mr. Belvin and his counsel have stated that the Port Angeles contingent have been opposing him in the construction of this road, but when asked to point out when and where, they have signally failed to make their assertions good.

It looks to us that if Mr. Belvin can and intends to build this road the best thing to do is to build it, and if he does that or makes a proper start to that end, he will receive no hindrance or opposition from the Port Angeles stockholders, but on the contrary, hearty cooperation.

If Mr. Belvin had telegraphed and given assurance that favorable news from the court would insure the construction of the railroad, we are satisfied that all cause for litigation would have vanished within twenty-four hours after the receipt of such assurance. Lawsuits do not build railroads; in fact, they hinder them from being built. And if Mr. Belvin in good faith will show the people of this city that he is going to build this road they would see to it that no law suit would stand in the way. But, there is the rub.

H. E. Lutz is interested in and will be a director in a new bank now peing organized in Seattle.

AFTER MEMORIAL DAY.

BY WINTHROP W. FIELD.

With the closing of the month of May came the remembrance of the millions who suffered and died for the Nation. Memorial Day, the day of strewing flowers, of honor for the mighty dead, of pity for those who wept and of new consecration to the cause of Freedom and Righteousness, has just passed.

Time has brought understanding, it always does. That war over slavery was not good, but the fierce reaping of harvests of past wrong was but a reaping of earth-lives, not a destruction of souls. All who died were cared for just the same, loved the same, somewhere. There is no place where good and true men are not in God's care.

The Spanish war, born of the struggle between ancient ideals and the new light, was full of loss, but the loss was not eternal. This Memorial Day was the best that ever came to us, for it was the first with no vestage of ill-will between North and South. This year—may it be blessed in the calendar of Eternity!—we sent back the battle-flags of our Southern brothers, and they are no more shown at our National Capitol as trophies of victory over those of our own blood, faith and Nation.

Never shall men forget to honor those soldiers who kept the Union safe,

> They fought and stood who held the hope
> Of ages on that slippery slope
> Amid the cheers of Christendom.

Never shall we forget to honor the men who were true to the soil of their native States, though it took them to battles and to death. They loved much, and no nobler hosts ever went down than those who charged behind the standards of the South at Gettysburg, "and heard above the wailing hosts the death-cry of a nation lost."

This is the inspiration we should draw from the sight of the flags upon the graves, the wreaths upon the tombs: to give all efforts, all possessions for Truth. Throughout the Nation there is the sense, half-voiced, often wholly unexpressed, that the wars for the black man and for the Cuban were worth in results all the blood they cost.

Peace to all the dead, and joy that the world knows not, to those who for dead hopes, dead ambitions, dead loves mourn without disgrace in the eyes of the strong angels who see us as we are.—N. Y. Magazine of Mysteries.

NEW DERRICK IN PLACE

And Saws are Again Running at the Stone Quarry.

Last Tuesday the 95 foot mast for the new derrick was raised at the stone quarry and will soon be in shape for service. The saws, which have been idle for the past two months while the new ledge of rock was being opened up, are again running, with at least twenty blocks of stone weighing from one to six tons ready to be cut. The new ledge is of such extent that two shifts of men can be worked at different elevations and stone enough taken out to supply a mill of twice the present capacity. A gang of men are also at work on still another ledge about an eighth of a mile south where the good stone seems to be nearer the surface; this new stone also seems to be even harder than the other.

Call on Seevers when in need of lunch goods for camping.

DELABARRE FOR P. A. P.

Receiver Appointed tn Order that Affairs May Be Gotten in Shape.

In the suit of Backus vs. The Port Angeles Pacific R. R. Co., Judge Hatch granted the application of the plaintiff for a receiver and has appointed W. F. Delabarre.

By this action of the Court all of the associated companies connected with this enterprise are placed in the hands of receivers. Mr. C. J. Farmer having for over a year been the receiver of the Smith-Mastick Construction Co. and the Elmira Logging Co.

It is supposed that this last action of the Court was had pursuant to an understanding between all parties interested to the end that expensive litigation might be avoided and the whole proposition be in such shape that it can be handled advantageously, both to the interest of the creditors and the enterprise.

With two such able and representative citizens as Messrs. Farmer and Delabarre in charge of these companies our people may rest assured that if it is possible to have the enterprises go forward without jeopardizing the interests of the creditors, it will be done.

A SIXTEEN FOOT SHARK.

Caught on Ordinary Hook and Line in Angeles Harbor.

Probably the largest shark ever caught in the straits or sound was pulled up onto the city float last Saturday. It measured 16¼ feet and weighed fully 500 lbs. The liver alone half filled a large wooden tub. The fisherman avers he had an exciting time landing his catch, which being caught on an ordinary hook, twisted about until it became entangled in the line, and was then speared and towed up to the dock.

GOSPEL MEETINGS NEXT WEEK

Special Services on Lincoln Heights to Which all are Invited.

Special meetings will be held in the Lincoln Heights M. E. church, by the pastor, the Rev. Owen F. Tovrea, assisted by the Rev. Horace Williston, and the Rev. C. E. Fulmer. The singing will be a special feature of these meetings, being led by a juvenile chorus choir.

Commencing, Monday, June 5th, at 8 o'clock, p. m., and continuing throughout the week. You are cordially invited to attend. Pastor.

NEW RESORT AT LAKES.

Mr. and Mrs. Ovington Will Accommodate Angeles People.

E. J. Ovington has bought ten acres on Lake Crescent for the purpose of establishing a summer resort for campers and fishermen. He will put up a dozen tents with board floors and sides, which with the cottage will accommodate quite a party. They expect to have everything in readiness in a couple of weeks.

C. E. Johnson Promoted.

Mr. Clifton E. Johnson who has been in charge of the local weather bureau office at East Clallam, for the past two years has been promoted to assistant in the weather bureau office with L. G. Sutton, at Port Crescent. Mr. Johnson and family arrived last week and have secured one of the P. S. Mills & Timber Co. dwellings which will be put in firstclass condition by the company.

Three families, 12 people in all, came to Angeles direct from Missouri, arriving Monday. They expect to buy ranching land.

DUNGENESS

Mr. E. A. Brooks, head keeper of the new Dungeness Light, was selected to represent the Light House Exhibit at the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exhibition at Portland, Ore., for the month of June. He, accompanied by his wife and children, left last Friday to take charge of the post to which he was assigned.

Mrs. Al Bartlett and Miss Emily Cline, of Pt. Townsend, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Thos. Clark, and brother, Mr. Henry Cline, this week.

A jolly crowd of Knights of the Grip, accompanied by their lady friends, drove overland from Pt. Angeles Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. H.J. Lipsett, of Olympia, is visiting with her many friends in Dungeness.

Miss Coy Darnell returned home Monday, after a fortnights visit with friends in Seattle.

Mrs. Sam Phodefer was visiting her many Dungeness friends the past two days.

The threatening weather in the early morning kept many from attending the Old Settlers' meeting, nevertheless there was a large crowd present from the surrounding country and many from Port Townsend and other points on the Sound. Everybody seemed to have a good time, and Dungeness did herself proud in furnishing entertainment for the people. The horse racing, bike races, foot races, etc., were quite an attraction and much enjoyed. Everybody went home happy and decided to attend the Old Settlers' meeting again next year.

DEVIL FISH EMBRACED RAFT.

Boys Have an Exciting Time Down at the Lagoon.

Last week several little boys, from 8 to 12 year old, were on a raft in the lagoon at base of the spit when they were attacked by a devil fish, which threw its long suckered arms up over the raft and struck one of the boys on the foot. They jumped to the center of the raft and hallooed when larger boys came to their rescue and killed the fish, which measured six feet across. The lagoon is used as a bathing place by many boys who should be warned against it, as the devil fish, of which this was a small specimen, are known to be plentiful there.

Mr. M. Earles, President of the Puget Sound Mill and Timber Company, was in the city yesterday, enroute on the Bellingham to Port Crescent, on one of his regular tours of inspection of the plants and properties of his companies. Mr. Earles was accompanied by Mrs. Earles and Mr. and Miss Joyce, brother and sister of Mrs. Earles.

Mrs. E. F. Gierin and son Russell arrived in the city Wednesday from a three weeks visit at Blyn with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Burrowes. Mr. Gierin drove up from Port Crescent to meet them. They returned to Port Crescent Thursday afternoon.

Emmett Minnehan of Gettysburg accompanied John Sands up here to the Turkington Hospital this week; Mr. Sands had a badly cut foot.

J. Burrowes of Port Williams was a Seattle visitor this week, returning Friday.

H. Lesure was a returning passenger down straits on today's boat.

No.1 Scrubbing Brushes 25c at Seevers.

KNIGHT & EBY

DUNGENESS

General Merchandise

Wagons, Buggies, and Farm Machinery

108 piece Dinner Set of Imported White Ware, raised scroll pattern, while they last, at $11 a set.

You can always do better at Knight & Eby's

Northrop, King & Co.'s

Neverfailing Sterling Seeds

Each variety selected with regard to adaptability to this climate and soil. Their purity and reliability are undoubted. All are new fresh seeds, raised the past year.

We back the positive guarantee of Northrop, King & Co. with our own personal endorsement.

BEANS
Early Dwarf, Black Wax...20c lb
Wadwells Kidney Wax ....20c lb
Extra Early Red Valentine.20c lb
Burpees Dwarf.....30c lb

BEETS
N. K. Sterling Beets . .....75c lb
Golden Tankard .....40c lb
N. K. Champion Beets.....40c lb

CABBAGE
N. K. Wash. Wakefield....20c oz
Holland .....20c oz

CARROTS
Danvers Half Long.....70c lb
N. K. Mastodon..... .....70c lb

ONIONS
N. K. Sterling Onions. ....20c oz
Yellow Globe Danvers... ..10c oz
White Pickling .....10c oz

PEAS
American Wonder .....15c lb
Little Gem ....15c lb

MISCELLANEOUS
Peep O'Day Sweet Corn....60c lb
N. K. Sterling Cucumbers..10c oz
N. K. Sterling Lettuce.....10c oz
Conn. Field Pumkins .....50c lb
Early Scarlet White Top Radish.....60c lb
Hubbard Squash, selected.80c lb
Extra Early White Milan Turnips.. .....$1 lb

Also a fine line Sterling Grass Seeds adapted to our climate and soil.

E. E. SEEVERS

... CASH GROCER

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S. P. WESTON, Business Manager.

THE RANCH A Journal of the Land and Home in the West
Published at Seattle on 1st and 15th of each month. Subscription price 50c; The Olympic and The Ranch 75c year

ABOUT PEOPLE.

P. J. Wood returned to Angeles Monday.

Dr. W. W. McGeorge of Seguin was an Angeles visitor Monday.

E. D. Short left Saturday for a trip to Portland and Vancouver.

J. E. Hooker represented Dungeness at the county seat Sunday.

C. W. Thompson of Dungeness was an Angeles visitor Wednesday.

Geo. Lotzgasell and family of Dungeness were Angeles visitors Saturday.

J. A. Rainey, supervisor in road district No. 3, tendered his resignation Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Nichols have a girl baby at their home, born last Friday.

It is reported that all or a portion of the fleet is to be with us again next August.

"Your money back" if not satisfied with "Schillings'" One Star Coffee, only 25c lb. at Seevers.

"Heinze's" sweet pickles are always good, and we always have them. E. E. Seevers.

Messrs. and Mesdames F. O. Field of Chicago and S. R. Pike of St. Louis stopped off here this week on a trip about the Sound.

Mr. Sam Lutz is having an addition on his house and putting in all modern conveniences, so they will have an ideal little home.

R. A. Muskett, of the Times Mart, has been enjoying a visit this week with his son and family in Vancouver, B. C., and taking a needed rest.

W. J. Hoare, Mr. Muskett's son-in-law, instead of Mr. Muskett, as we stated last week, is building the new house on 11th and Peabody.

A twelve pound baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wolverton Monday. Mrs. Wolverton has been very low all week, but is now much better.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Lafe Mitchell on Wednesday afternoon of the 14th. A fine lunch will be served, from 3 to 5 o'clock.

The gymnasium girls of the high school are anticipating an outing to the lakes, going sometime next week. Their instructor, Miss Brown, will accompany them.

It is thought that over $25,000 was paid in to the county treasurer's office last month—anyway, the force has been thoroly snowed under with work the past week.

Ed Shields was home from Sedro-Woolley this week, having hurt his knee cap in a game Sunday. The team over there seems to be kept pretty busy these days, several games being played a week.

Ole Klaboe was up from Clallam yesterday. Mr. Klaboe was formerly road supervisor in his district and now that Mr. Rainey has resigned, many of his friends would like to have him in that position again.

Mrs. Phelps and Hugh will move into their new home next week; E. B. Webster and family will move to the A. L. Johnson house, and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Webster will remain in the present Webster home.

Mr. G. McFarland of Scottsville, Mich., arrived here Tuesday on a visit to his brother, C. McFarland, who lives near the Elwha. The brothers have not met before for 35 years. Mr. McFarland is a well-to-do nurseryman in his native state, but owing to poor health is on the coast looking for a location, and Clallam county seems to be it.

R. J. Beduhn and wife of Dungeness were down here Tuesday.

Miss Babcock, one of our efficient teachers, went to Seattle Friday.

The brig Irwin is in today for her customary deck load of shingles for Frisco.

The young ladies of the Altar Guild met with Helen Cook at the Delabarre home last Monday evening.

Mrs. E. A. FitzHenry and Mrs. W. J. Ware entertain at the residence of the former on Thursday, June 15th.

The Pastime, a 25-ton schooner yacht with gasoline motor, from Nanaimo, was in the harbor Sunday.

The cable ship Burnside, which is to make necessary repairs in the cable between here and Victoria, arrived today.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will serve ice cream and cake in the opera house immediately following the program of Flag Day, June 14th.

John Trumbull left on Friday's boat for Olympia. His neice, Miss Beth Webster, accompanied him as far as Townsend for a visit with her grandma Trumbull.

Mrs. Harry Lutz returned from the federation of clubs at Walla Walla Thursday a. m., and reports a most delightful time. Mrs. Church and Mrs. Smith returned earlier in the week.

A donkey engine, purchased by the Filion Mill Co. from the railroad construction outfit, slipped off the bridge at foot of Tumwater hill Thursday evening causing no little trouble to the men who had to fish it out of the creek

ITS AN ILL WIND, ETC.

Judge Richardson Catches Trout to Feed Mr. Franck's Cats.

A. A. Richardson and James Gibson spent the past week fishing at Beaver Lake, and returned a day or two ago reporting a splendid time and a good catch. The pleasure of the trip was, however, somewhat marred when they learned of the non-arrival of a box of fine dressed trout, shipped to Mrs. Richardson.

Wednesday morning Mr. Franck, while taking his customary constitutional along the beach east of town, picked up a box containing about a hundred nicely dressed mountain trout, packed in grass, and took them home as a treat for his cats. A note enclosed identified the shipper as Mr. Richardson, who requested his wife to divide them among several of their friends.

Explanations from the steamboat company are now in order.

A Plausible Theory.

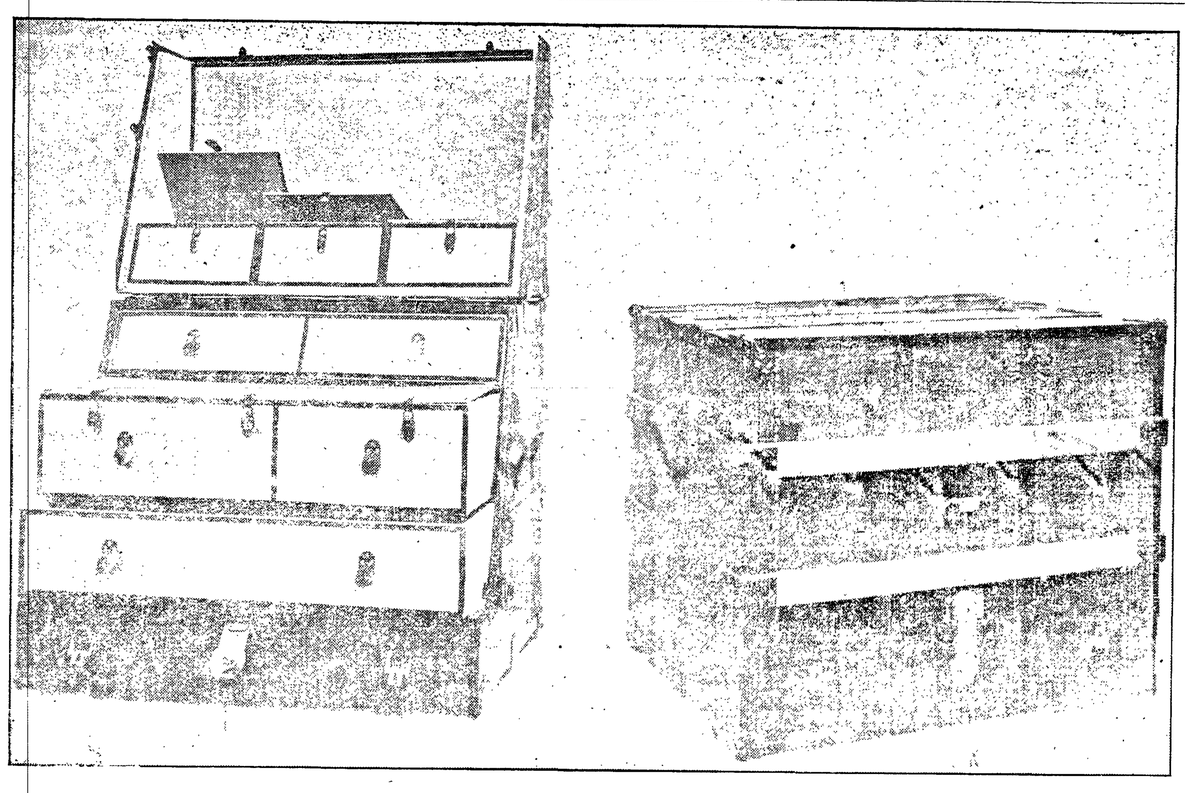
Messrs. Nailor and Stakemiller, the expert fly casters, were at Willson's on Lake Sutherland this week, returning Wednesday night. They report several people at the lake and fair fishing. They caught about a hundred Wednesday but had to work hard for them; all but two of the fish were under ten inches in length—the finest size for the table.

By the way, Mr. Nailor advances a very plausible theory for the comparative lack of medium sized trout in the little lake. He says there are multitudes of the younger fish and also probably two or three thousand big fish. But while one sees the big fellows frequently, they are too well fed and too wary to be caught; as there is no shallow water as in rivers, they easily get all the small fry they want, devouring thousands every year and thus preventing the restocking of the lake with two and three pounders.

OUR 4TH OF JULY GIFT

Will be drawn for on July 4th. One Ticket with each $1 purchase.

TIMES CLOTHING MART



SEGUIN NOTES.

Crops are still growing well, wheat is beginning to head out and potatoes are in bloom.

Mr. James Smith of Pt. Townsend, but formerly of Seguin, was a visitor here first of the week, looking over his holdings.

Mr. Ed Hooker paid a visit to Angeles first of the week, and did not get back 'til Wednesday.

Dr. McGeorge attended the meeting of the county commissioners at Angeles Monday and Tuesday.

Messrs. Risley, Day, Waldron and others are beginning a new road on the south line of Risley's place, running east and west, from the main Seguin road to Chas. McDougal's place.

Mr. J. B. Middleton of the Independent Telephone Co., was a Seguin visitor Monday and looked over the company's lines. He announces that work will be commenced at once on all extensions, including the Pt. Angeles connection.

E. T. Huff has given his store and post office a coat of firey red paint.

Ice cream every Sunday at office of Independent Telephone Co., Miss Priest proprietress.

The Seguin Stars are to play the Hadlock team here Sunday the 11th, at one p. m. The Hadlock team are giving an excursion from that place.

Supervisor Wooding is just finishing the new Happy Valley road, much to the gratification of the numerous old settlers in that valley who have been waiting for this for so many years.

Linemen are busy putting in a telephone line to Happy Valley to connect with the Independent Tel. Co.

Last week was pay week at the various mills and the various business houses cashed about two thousand dollars worth of checks.

Good fresh milch cow for sale. Call up Davis & Keeler, Seguin.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Crichton and baby arrived on Thursdays boat. They came direct from Fort Selkirk on the Yukon, where Mr. Crichton represents the Dominion government as gold and land commissioner. He has a months vacation and intends to spend it mostly with his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Priest of Happy Valley.

LOST—Mooley Heifer, 1 year old, color between brindle and red, strap with ring on neck. Lost about April 1st on Lincoln Heights. Finder please return to P. McGoff and receive reward.

McKEE & LAFLOWER

Funeral Directors

—AND—

Licensed Embalmers

Telephones—LaFlower, 108; McKee, 105; City Office, 7.

Lady Attendants. C. F. MERRITT, Manager.

EAST CLALLAM.

From the Record.

PeterDeppiesse was in town from Royal today.

L. M. Ford was in town from Forks a few days ago on his way to Portland to visit relatives and take in the exposition.

Harvey Lésure of Forks is attending the U. S. district court at Seattle, as a grand juror.

Al Fairservice has been on a business trip to Seattle this week.

Robinson's new wharf on the west side of the bay is completed.

Roy and Charley Streater, of Evergreen, on the Queets river in Jefferson county, arrived here last evening with a yoke of oxen and eight steers for Chief Engineer Donaldson of the steamer Gertrude, who has a claim there. The boys were just one week coming up.

William Klahn returned on Wednesday from Port Angeles accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Fred Tonges, who is just out from New York. Mr. Klahn had not seen his sister for eleven years and she did not know him when they met.

Surveyor L. D. W. Shelton has been out at Shuwah on business this week and returned up sound Wednesday night.

The Puget Sound Navigation Co.

Operating Mail Steamers as Follows:

SEATTLE - PORT TOWNSEND - VICTORIA ROUTE

STR. ALICE GERTRUDE leaves Lilly Bogardus dock Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, at 12 midnight for Port Townsend Port Williams, Dungeness, Port Angeles, Port Crescent, Gettysburg, Pysht, Clallam and Neah Bay. Returning, leaves Angeles, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 5 a. m

STR. BELLINGHAM leaves Lilly & Bogardus dock Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 12 midnight for Port Townsend, Port Williams, Dungeness, Port Angeles, Port Crescent, Gettysburg, Pysht, Clallam Leaves Port Angeles at 5 a. m. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Arrives Seattle 2:30.

SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Anna A. Hawthorn, Plaintiff, vs. William J. Hawthorn, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said William J. Hawthorn, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit; within sixty days after the 19th day of May A. D. 1905, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, Geo. Venable Smith, at his office, below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

This action is brought to dissolve the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff
P. O. Address Port Angeles, Washington
Date of first publication of this summons May 19th, 1905.

The Seattle Daily & Sunday Times

Occupies Its Own Building
Cor. Union St. and Second Ave.

7 Days a Week—50 Cents Month

By Mail or Carrier

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, publishers of the aforesaid newspapers, are the SOLE OWNERS of the following NEWS FRANCHISES for publication in the City of Seattle: —

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THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, Seattle, Wash.

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—IS—

THE RANCH

of Seattle. Twice a month, 50 cents a year. No better paper for the farmer, dairyman or horticulturist of the Northwest is published. The Ranch gives information of practical value, peculiarly adapted to conditions here—no trashy stuff. Men and women on the farm write for it from their own experiences. Each department is in charge of a well-known writer experienced in his line. F. Walden, represented here, edits the horticultural department, and H. L. Blanchard writes on poultry and the dairy. Mrs. S. C. Butcher conducts a woman's depatment and R. J. Boryer the legal column. A feature of The Ranch is a number of fine illustrations of agricultural subjects each issue. You get

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A Real Estate Agent

Lists Property for Sale or Rent

Johnson & Bork Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wall Paper. Painting and Paper Hanging

TO BUILD A BIG DAM.

GREATEST IRRIGATION RESERVOIR IN THE WORLD.

With Power Plants Also Under Construction Reclamation Project Will Cost $3,200,000 and Will Supply Water for More than 200,000 Acres.

The secretary of interior recently let the contracts for the largest irrigation reservoir dam in the world.

It is to be called the Roosevelt dam. Near it is a new town, also called Roosevelt. Both are situated in Arizona, about seventy miles above Phoenix, on the Salt River, near its junction with Tonto Creek.

The dam is the main feature of one of the largest of the government irrigation projects. It is located in a canyon of the Salt River, just below its junction with the small tributary above named. It will be 270 feet high, 210 feet long, 165 feet thick at the base, and 16 feet wide on top.

This dam will create a lake twenty-five miles long and between a mile and a half and two miles in width—the largest artificial reservoir in the world. It will be constructed of "broken range cyclopean rubble" and Portland cement. The stone of which it will be built will be quarried from the walls on each side of the canyon. It is contemplated that work on the structure shall be carried on continuously day and night.

Free Electricity.

Electricity for night work will be furnished free by the government. The waters of the Salt River have been temporarily harnessed to an electric power plant, which develops 4,400 horse-power, by means of a turbine, under a head of 220 feet fall. The power thus developed runs a cement mill and does all the hoisting, drilling, digging, etc., for the construction of the dam.

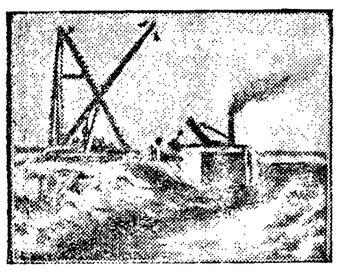
The cement mill is located about 1,500 feet from the dam site, and has been equipped with all the most modern machinery for making Portland cement. Clay is taken from the ground within a mile from the mill, and one corner of the mill stands on a bed of limestone, which is one of the principal ingredients. Close at hand are the sand and other materials from which bricks, as well as cement, may be made. The mill has a capacity of 300 barrels a day. It is estimated that 200,000 barrels of cement will be needed to build the dam.

SCRAPERS AT WORK ON GOVERNMENT IRRIGATION CANAL.

An Important Adjunct.

Another very important adjunct to this big work is a wagon road which has been built from Roosevelt to Globe, the nearest town, forty miles distant. Another road, three miles in length, was built, leading to the timber in the Sierra Ancha, where about 1,000,000 feet of timber has been sawed for use in the work.

Some idea of the difficulty encountered in the construction of the road to Globe may be inferred from the fact that in some places, where it traverses the Salt River canyon, it is cut through solid rock sixty to seventy feet deep, while Fish Creek hill is climbed at the base of vertical cliffs



STEAM DREDGE DERRICK.

600 feet high, where rock cuts sixty and seventy feet deep and fills of an equal height were necessary. Some portions of the road cost at the rate of $25,000 a mile. During the short period while it was under construction 400,000 pounds of freight were hauled over it.

To Use Hydraulic Gates.

The waters of this Roosevelt dam will be controlled by the largest hydraulic gates ever built. With their controlling mechanism, they will weigh 800,000 pounds. When the reservoir is full, they will be capable of discharging 10,000 cubic feet of water a second. They will regulate the supply of water in canals fifty miles away.

The gates are to stand at the head of a 500-foot tunnel which has been driven through the side of the canyon, and through which the waters of the Salt and Tonto Rivers will be diverted while the dam is being built. It is estimated that the dam will be completed in about two years.

The excess water from the enormous reservoir will be sent through pipes into water wheels or turbines, and the power generated will be taken sixty to seventy miles distant to centrifugal pumps, by which other water will be raised to higher planes in the Salt River valley. It is estimated that each horse-power developed will irrigate ten acres, at a distance of sixty miles. An area of no less than 50,000 acres is to be reclaimed by this subsidiary power project.

Estimated Cost of Dam.

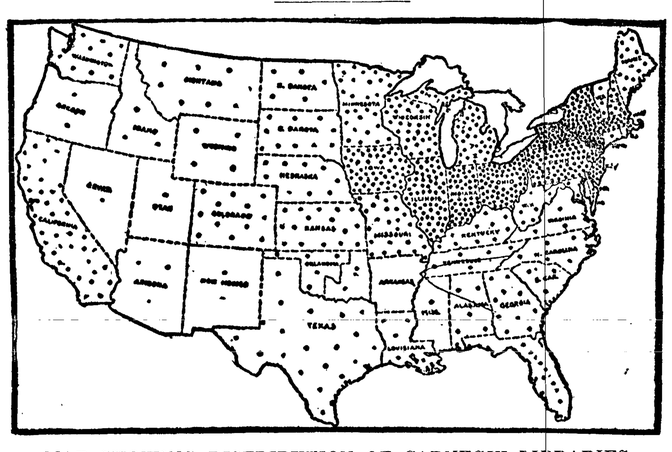
The estimated cost of the dam and power plants will be $3,200,000. Upward of 200,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Phoenix will be reclaimed. Most of this land is now in private ownership. In fact, practically all the land which will be furnished by the gravity system—that is, without pumping—is embraced in the lands of the Water Users' Association, a voluntary organization of the settlers who are to be benefitted by this work, and which has pledged 200,000 acres to the government to guarantee the repayment of the cost of the work. The land to be reclaimed by pumping is still public domain, and it is not likely that there will be water for it within three years.

Settlers Arriving Already.

Officials of the reclamation service are not encouraging settlers to go and take up homesteads in the public domain in the vicinity of the Salt River project. But, nevertheless, settlers are going in even now, and pre-empting homestead rights under the national irrigation act. After filing claim they build their houses and do what they can to comply with the law in regard to bringing half of the eighty acre tract under cultivation. Of course, they can grow nothing until they have the water, and it is required by law that they live on the land. So they start with a rather dry and tedious prospect.

They figure that when the water does come they will have the pick of the land, and will become proprietors of rich and valuable farms, repaying them for the money, labor and time spent in "homesteading" in the desert.

HOW CARNEGIE LIBRARIES ARE DISTRIBUTED.



MAP SHOWING DISTRIBUTION OF CARNEGIE LIBRARIES.

Because a generous man built a library which enabled him to read, Andrew Carnegie promised himself that, should he become rich, he would devote his lifetime to building libraries so that all might have the benefit of books.

He has built 1,352 libraries, scattered over every part of the earth, in every English speaking community, in New Zealand and New York, Texas and Scotland.

Only two States in the Union have no Carnegie libraries. They are Rhode Island and Arkansas. Illinois has 60 libraries, New York has 120, but this is because of the many branches built in New York City. Iowa has 54, California 46, Texas 20, Indian Territory 2, Arizona 3, New Mexico 2, Kansas 16, Nebraska 9, Indiana 39, Massachusetts 21 and Pennsylvania 34.

The number of library buildings built by Mr. Carnegie in the United States is 671, and these when finished will serve more than 18 per cent of the population. They represent an expenditure of $29,807,980.

The amount given by Mr. Carnegie outside the United States is $10,603,540.

GREAT TIME SAVER.

Singular Telegraph System Now Being Tried in England.

United States Consul Liefeld at Freiburg, Germany, has made a report to the State Department in regard to a new high-speed telegraph instrument now being tested by the British postal officials, which it is claimed will revolutionize the telegraph service of today. The invention is said to be as great an advance on the Morse instrument as that was upon its predecessor, the single needle.

The new system uses a paper tape, which, instead of being hand punched, is perforated by an instrument. The tape at the other end of a wire is similarly perforated instead of being marked by dots and dashes. This tape can be placed upon another machine, which converts the perforations into printed words on telegraph forms at the rate of about 120 to 150 words a minute. The system is four or five times as fast as the Morse, and consists of three stages:

1. The telegram is copied on a machine resembling a typewriter. Paper tape runs through this and is perforated as each letter is struck.

2. The message, as it appears on the tape, is run at a very rapid rate through a transmitter, and an exact facsimile of the tape is produced at the other end of the wire.

3. The tape is put through a typewriter with automatic mechanism, driven by a small electric motor, and the message reappears neatly printed, lined and spaced.

This last stage may be described as being similar in effect to the placing of paper rolls of music in an automatic piano. Whereas in that case the perforations are the cause of the notes being struck and the music being produced, so in this instrument the perforated paper is the cause of the typewriter keys going down and the hammers containing the letters striking the telegraph form and producing letters and words.

One of the effects of the use of this instrument, provided it be found ultimately to come up to expectations, would be a great saving of time, as a wire would be capable of carrying four or five times as many words as at present, and fewer persons would consequently be required to perform the work. Any person able to operate a typewriter can transmit messages by the new system.

THE WOMEN ALL PEEPED.

They Fell Victims to Proverbial Curiosity of Their Sex.

"I witnessed rather interesting scenes, or, I should say, a series of events, in front of a well-known business house the other day," said the man who keeps an eye open for the curious happenings of the day, according to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, and it presents one of the interesting phases of the average woman's temperament.

"There was a large pasteboard funnel placed in the show window of the business place. The small end of the funnel was placed toward the street and there was an opening just about large enough to accommodate the eye. On a placard around the opening was written in bold letters: 'For Men Only.' The large end of the funnel ran back about eighteen inches or two feet. By pressing the eye against the glass of the window at the opening in the small end you could see what was on the inside. What was it?

"A shy little woman came along, stopped and glanced at the sign. She looked around, up and down the street, and then started on. But she could not leave without glimpsing into the funnel. Thinking she was not watched, she made a bold dash for the show window, pressed the eye against the glass and beheld all there was to see. Her ears reddened somewhat as she hurried away from the window. What had she found in the funnel?

"Directly another woman came along, went through nearly the same routine, blushed, smiled and hurried along. I saw at least a dozen women go up against the same game, and in each case the woman seemed to make an effort to keep from peering into the funnel. But they could not resist the sign, 'For Men Only.' It was simply another case of woman's curiosity. The ruse was clever, and attracted more women than would have been reached by some duller plan. No, there was nothing shocking to be seen. The house was simply exploiting a certain kind of artificial leg, and I guess this is why some of the shy women blushed a bit behind the ears when they read the advertisement."

Verdict of the Coroner.

Records of the ancient city Gorgeana, founded in 1640, better known at the present time as York Harbor, Me., contain many quaint and unusual stories of the early life of the town.

At the entrance to York Harbor a bold promontory known as Stage neck extends some distance into the sea, from which formerly in stormy weather a temporary light in the form of a lantern hoisted upon an upright pole was displayed as a warning to mariners.

One dark winter night a sloop was wrecked on these rocks. A survivor on being questioned about the catastrophe said:

"The vessel struck, turned over on her side and the skipper and another barrel of whisky rolled overboard."

The local coroner was summoned and this somewhat startling verdict was returned:

"We find that the deceased fell from the masthead and was killed; he rolled overboard and was drowned; he floated ashore and froze to death and the rats ate him up alive."—Harper's Weekly.

"What? Fell down stairs! How did it happen?" "Why, you see, I started to go down, and my wife said, 'Be careful, John!' And I'm not the man to be dictated to by any woman, so down I went."

GENERAL FITZHUGH LEE, FAMOUS CONFEDERATE VETERAN.

General Fitzhugh Lee, who died of apoplexy recently, was one of the noted soldiers of the country. He was a nephew of Robert E. Lee, the Confederate chieftain, and fought with distinction on the Confederate side. He was in command of the whole cavalry corps of the army of northern Virginia when, in 1865, he surrendered to General Meade. From 1886 to 1890 he was governor of Virginia, and was consul general at Havana prior to the declaration of war with Spain. Then he was placed in command of the Seventh Army Corps, and at the close of hostilities was made governor of Havana. Later he was in command of the department of the Missouri.

HERBS GIVE WAY TO DRUGS

Vegetable Remedies of a Former Generation No Longer Popular.

In the village of Greenwich, England, in a quaint old street, where the buildings are so thick that they tangle themselves together in a knot, there is a queer little shop with a sign over the door that reads, "An Herb for Every Pain."

On the shelves of this shop are to be found hundreds of different kinds of herbs for the cure of all bodily ailments. There can be found all the old-time herbs that our grandmothers used to have hanging around the walls of the kitchen and stored away in the attic, ready to be made into the teas and sirups in case of sickness.

People who still have old-fashioned ideas about health and sickness go there for bugle weed, sumach, wintergreen, sassafras, chamomile, horehound, yellow dock, catnip, cherry bark, mullein, extract of oats, lobelia and so on, and so on. All these herbs have the reputation of being good for some one or more ailments.

Catnip for nervousness, sassafras for the blood, horehound and boneset for colds, sumach for sore throat, wintergreen for rheumatism, lobelia as an emetic in case of poisoning, mullein for consumption, etc.

Nearly all of these herbs are made into teas. Sassafras tea, boneset tea and catnip tea are brewed and served either hot or cold. Among the many hundreds of herbs that are sold in this little shop are some that are deadly poisons, and they are labeled and sold under the same restrictions as other poisons.

The good old remedies that our grandfathers hunted and dug in the woods, those that our grandmothers planted and tended in the garden, have given way to harmful remedies, to drugs that leave the patient in a worse condition than when he began their use. We believe it has been a mistake to give up the old remedies.—Medical Talk.

CURIOUS LAW DEFENSES.

Lawyer Who Made Seven Different Denials and Got Client Off.

"Lawyers shape up curious defenses for their clients in many instances," said a limb of the law. "I suppose we are all familiar with the old story of the school reader, where the lawyer advised his client to play crazy, and got a sheep's baa for his fee. I was reminded of the fact by a recent publication by an English journal on the subject of 'Curious Defenses.'

"One excellent instance is supplied here in what is known as 'Codd's puzzle.' Codd was defending a client accused of stealing a duck. He set up seven defenses: (1) The accused bought the duck and paid for it; (2) he found it; (3) it was given to him; (4) it flew into his garden; (5) it was put in his pocket while he slept; 6 and 7 are not recorded; but some one suggested that there never was any duck at all. The accused was acquitted, not 'because they chose any particular defense, but because they did not know which to choose, and so gave the prisoner the benefit of the doubt.'

"There is a story told of an American lawyer of note who, after hearing his client's story, asked him how much money he had on him. The client told the lawyer what he had and gave it to him. 'Now,' said the lawyer, 'you want me to advise you what to do in order to get out of this trouble.' 'Yes,' the client said. 'Well,' the lawyer continued, 'do you see that window?' 'Yes,' said the client. 'Well, you can clear yourself by jumping out of that window and run, run fast, and don't stop until you get out of the country, and don't you ever come back.' Of course I do not vouch for the story, but it serves to show the resourcefulness of some lawyers when it comes to constructing a defense."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Wild Guess.

"Novelist Henry James says that the American girl is attractive, but she lacks elusiveness."

"What does that mean, Henry?"

"Guess it means you can't lose her."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

OLD Favorites

Dublin Bay.

They sailed away in a gallant bark,
Roy Neal and his fair young bride;
They had ventured all in that bounding ark,
That danced o'er the silv'ry tide;
But their hearts were young and spirits light,
And they dashed the tears away
As they watched the shore recede from sight
Of their own sweet Dublin Bay.

Three days they sailed when a storm arose,
And the lightning swept the deep;
When the thunder crash broke the short repose
Of the weary sailor's sleep.
Roy Neal he clasped his weeping bride,
And he kissed the tears away.
"Oh, love, 'twas a fearful hour," he cried,
"When we left sweet Dublin Bay."

On the crowded deck of the doomed ship
Some fell in their mute despair,
But some more calm, with a holier lip,
Sought the God of storm in prayer.
"She has struck on a rock," the seamen cried,
In the depth of their wild dismay;
And the ship went down with that fair young bride,
That sailed from Dublin Bay.
—Mrs. Crawford.

The World Is Too Much with Us.

The world is too much with us; late and soon,
Getting and spending, we lay waste our powers;
Little we see in nature that is ours;
We have given our hearts away, a sordid boon!
This sea that bares her bosom to the moon;
The winds that will be howling at all hours,
And are up-gathered now like sleeping flowers;
For this, for everything, we are out of tune;
It moves us not—Great God! I'd rather be
A Pagan suckled in a creed outworn,
So might I, standing on this pleasant lea,
Have glimpses that would make me less forlorn;
Have sight of Proteus rising from the sea,
Or hear old Triton blow his wreathed horn!
—William Wordsworth.

At Parting.

Until we meet again! That is the meaning
Of the familiar words that men repeat
At parting in the street.
Ah, yes, till then, but when death intervening
Rends us asunder, with what ceaseless pain
We wait for the again!

The friends who leave us do not feel the sorrow
Of parting as we feel it who must stay,
Lamenting day by day,
And knowing, when we wake upon the morrow,
We shall not find in its accustomed place
The one loved face.
—Longfellow.

TOWN PRAYS FOR GIRL BAND.

Five Norfolk Society Damsels Leave Home to Go on Stage.

Three weeks ago Miss Tessie Dixon was a demure young teacher in Norfolk's public schools, says a Norfolk (Neb.) special to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. To-day, dressed in a flaming suit of red, with big brass buttons, she parades the streets of a southern city, playing a long slide trombone for life (and so much "per"), while with her are four other Norfolk society girls.

For the girls have gone on the stage. They didn't aspire to the histrionic positions held by Maud Adams nor Ellen Terry, but they did want to get out in the world and see "sights" which were not afforded by a country town. There were five of them—all chums, Gertrude Austin, Mora Dixon, Tessie Dixon, Lydia Wheeler and Maude Mayhew were their names and they were as pretty and as well brought up as any set of girls in northern Nebraska. Their parents were well-to-do and the girls held high positions in the local society.

They were musically inclined and about a year ago, with the assistance of a number of other girls in their own class, formed a brass band—"Norfolk's Ladies' Band," it was called, and it was a good one, too.

The girls became proficient and in time they were engaged by the manager of the opera house to furnish the music at the theater. It was great fun—and they got to meet all the actors, too.

But a few weeks ago the Chase-Lister company played a week's engagement in Norfolk. The manager liked the playing of the girls—and, incidentally, their good looks. He offered the whole bunch—or band, rather—engagements for the entire season. The company was going South, making a tour of the smaller cities throughout Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and other Southern States.

The girls went wild. There wasn't much money in the job, but the fun and adventure promised was worth struggling for. "Would they accept?" "Yes, they would."

But the mammas and papas decreed otherwise. "Our daughters go on the stage? No, they won't."

And the sweethears of the girls, they, too, objected. Several of the girls were engaged and the combined influence of the prospective grooms was added to the weight of the "kicks" of the parents.

The girls began to waver. First one, then another, deserted the ranks of the band, until there remained just five, who said they were determined to go "on the stage." The prayers of the parents and the upbraidings of the sweethearts were outweighed by the glittering promises of the theatrical manager—especially when the girls saw the nice, nobby new uniforms in which they would be bedecked.

Secretly every girl in town envied the "jolly five" when their time came to leave town. Dressed in their red uniforms, the girls were escorted to the depot by their parents and friends. In the end the parental consent was obtained by the five who were steadfast to the faith and at the depot the mothers and fathers gave their blessing and the train pulled out.

But the older residents of the town, fearful of the temptations which beset the theatrical profession, have asked the prayers of the church for the girls.

So strong became the religious feeling for the welfare of the "Theater Girls" (as they are now known) a special prayer meeting was held one night, the entire time being given up to petitions for the absentees. But the girls don't believe they need any prayers. They write back to their friends here that they are having the time of their lives and say they intend to stay by the theatrical business as long as they live.

WAR'S CASUALTIES ENORMOUS.

Number of Killed and Wounded in 1904 Will Exceed 400,000.

Ascertaining losses by war operations is a very difficult task, and yet approximate results have been secured, says Leslie's Weekly. It is noteworthy, but no occasion for surprise, that the number killed and wounded in war during 1904 greatly exceeds that of 1903 by reason of the sanguinary contest between Japan and Russia, in which lives have been recklessly sacrificed. The total loss for the year is about 400,000, as compared with 86,000 in 1903, 25,000 in 1902 and 3,000 in 1901.

The total losses in the Russo-Japanese war have not been officially stated, but from the most reliable unofficial accounts they will amount to at least 370,000. Other losses have been as follows: Armenia, including massacres, 7,864; Tibet, 6,492; Philippines, 3,239; Sumatra, 2,379; Africa, 3,714; Uruguay, 2,035; Macedonia, 820; Santo Domingo, 240; Bulgaria, 239; Morocco, 50; Arabia, 40.

Wellington used to say that it was impossible to tell the number of men lost by the French. Nevertheless he put 30,000 or 40,000 as the number on both sides killed at Waterloo. Sanguinary as has been the recent fighting between the Russian and Japanese armies, the results are less terrible than those of that day. Experience is teaching us that, murderous as are the weapons of modern make, the actual mortality in the battles of to-day is not as heavy as in the time when armaments were not, on paper, so deadly.

At Leipsic, where 460,000 men were engaged, 90,000 men were lost. At Sadowa there were 430,000 men, of whom the Prussians lost 1,147 officers and 8,794 men, and the Austrians 30,000. At Borodino there were 74,000 casualties; at La Belle Alliance 61,000. In our Civil War the greatest battle was at the Wilderness, where of the 142,000 Federals, one-seventh were lost, and of the 52,000 Confederates a corresponding proportion. Deadliest still was Pittsburg Landing, where General Grant lost 25 per cent of his men.

Father of Pressed Steel.

The pressed steel industry, which is one of the largest in the country today, was born in a little cooper shop not far from St. John and Buttonwood streets, in Philadelphia.

Charles J. Schoen, who is literally the father of this business, was engaged in Philadelphia following the occupation of a cooper and presided over a little plant at which he constituted the entire force of workmen.

While doing this he conceived the idea of making a doorstep for railroad cars, which at once forced itself into popularity with car builders and was generally adopted. It was an instant success, for the reason that it was extremely simple and at the same time effective, holding the door open by a spring in the floor of the car.

The demand for these devices soon overtaxed the capacity of the little cooper shop and in casting about for some quicker means of making the things the idea of pressing them out of steel was hit upon. From this humble beginning pressed steel was soon found available for other purposes in car building, and to-day the entire freight car, including the wheels, is made in this manner, no wood entering into the construction whatever.

A Stickler for Promptness.

A certain merchant in Boston is noted for being a stickler in the matter of promptness, to the extent that he has been known to walk out of church because the services did not begin promptly, and to leave his sister alone in a strange city because she was four minutes late in keeping an appointment. Not long ago he overheard a forceful exposition of his peculiarity.

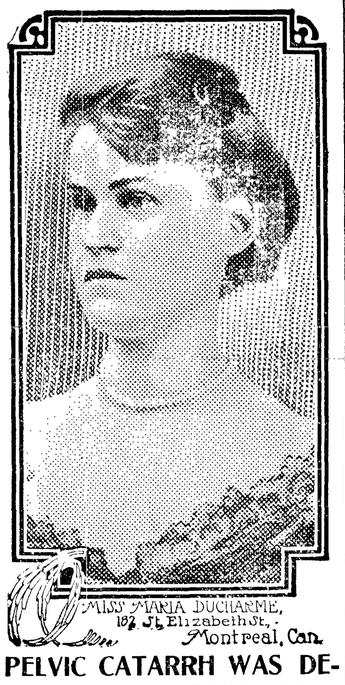
He had walked out to his stable and was about to go in when he heard the new groom within say to the coachman, "Is it thrue, Dolan, that the boss is cracked about doing things on time, and goes into a fit whin anybody is late?"

"Thrue Thrue?" cried Dolan. "Let me tell you, Ryan, how thrue it is. If the boss had promised to mate himself at iliven o'clock and was late, he'd find himself gone whin he got there. That's how thrue it is!"

Gossip has wonderful acoustic properties.

MISS MARIA DUCHARME.

Every Woman in America Is Interested in This Young Girl's Experience.



PELVIC CATARRH WAS DESTROYING HER LIFE--PERU-NA SAVED HER.

Miss Maria Ducharme, 182 St. Elizabeth street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I am satisfied that thousands of women suffer because they do not realize how bad they really need treatment and feel a natural delicacy in consulting a physician.

"I felt badly for years, had terrible pains, and at times was unable to attend to my daily duties. I tried to cure myself, but finally my attention was called to an advertisement of Peruna in a similar case to mine, and I decided to give it a trial.

"My improvement began as soon as I started to use Peruna and soon I was a well woman. I feel that I owe my life and my health to your wonderful medicine and gratefully acknowledge this fact."—Maria Ducharme.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Rev. Dr. Thirdly—Don't you know, little boy, that you shouldn't fish on the Sabbath day? Tommy Toddles—I ain't a-fishin', boss; I'm jus' teachin' worms how ter swim.—Chicago Chronicle.

"I see it stated here that the Sultan wears an iron undershirt." "Say, I wish I had one like it to send to my laundry. I'd like to get even with 'em once in a while."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Hester—I hear that Bessie's engagement with Fred Simmons is broken off. Too bad, isn't it? Grace—But she's going to keep the diamond ring. Hester—Oh, I didn't hear of that.—

Piso's Cure is a good cough medicine. It has cured coughs and colds for forty years. At druggists, 25 cents.

The Day's Need.—The day's need is that a man should think for himself, decide for himself, and greater than all, be himself.—Rev. H. F. Rall, Methodist, Baltimore, Md.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Plain Grubbing.

"How do you account for Hustler's abounding success?"

"That's easy; he never had the advantages of the ordinary boy."—Illinois State Journal.

A certain man was flirting with a certain girl. "Don't hold her hand," a friend advised him; "she'll tell."

Khaki-Khaki

WE have in stock a fine lot of government Khaki coats and pants which we are selling for $2.75 a suit. They are just what you want for hunting, mining, fishing, camping, prospectors, ranchers and lumbermen.

W. S. Kirk, 1209 1st Ave., SEATTLE.

We have a large list of improved and unimproved farm lands in this State that we can sell on small payment; long time on balance. Tell us when you want to locate.

E. C. BYERS & CO.,
327 Arcade Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Boys! Wake Up!

You can make from $15 to $25 weekly at the barber's trade in the cities. Write for our proposition at once and let us help you out of the rut.

SEATTLE BARBER COLLEGE,
121 Washington St., Seattle, Wash.

SPECIAL FOR TEN DAYS

Send your name and address and I will send you a sample of Trout Flies FREE. Dealer in all kinds of Sporting Goods.

A. L. HALL 1111 First Avenue SEATTLE, WASH.

EASTERN Washington Wheat Lands and Irrigated Lands for sale or exchange. What have you for sale or exchange?

O. W. BROWN,
415 Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash.

BASE BALL SUITS
Made to Order
Write us for prices
C. C. FILSON CO.
1011 First Ave., - Seattle, Wash.

Science and Invention

Bees are attracted to flowers by the bright colors. The experiments of Miss J. Wery, a Belgian naturalist, prove that perfume has much less attraction, and that honey has none at all.

Scopolamine, the new anaesthetic from a Japanese plant, is administered by hypodermic injection and induces a deep sleep for eight or nine hours. It is claimed to have absolutely no after effects.

China has just granted its first patent. It is for an electric lamp, the inventor of which is an inhabitant of Nankin, the old capital of the Chinese empire, who calls his lamp the "bright moonlight" and asserts that it is far superior to foreign glow lights that hitherto have been sold at Shanghai and other Chinese cities.

Certain French astronomers have recently come to the conclusion that the solidification of the moon extends from the surface to the center, and not, as the American scientists think, from the center to the periphery. This view would modify various existing theories. Their conclusion is drawn from the examination of photographs executed at the observatory for reproduction in the new lunar atlas.

The British postoffice has entered into an agreement with the Marconi company whereby messages are now received at any telegraph office in the United Kingdom for transmission from the wireless coast stations to ships at sea fitted out with the Marconi apparatus. The cost is sixpence a word, but no message consisting of less than twelve words is accepted, making the minimum cost for a message 6s. 6d. No one can use a wireless telegraph system in Great Britain without authorization by the postmaster-general.

A gramophone which, it is said, can be heard at a distance of three miles is a late invention. The instrument is named the auxetophone and is worked by means of compressed air. This is pumped in by a small engine at a pressure which can be adjusted up to over eight pounds, through a small valve, which takes the place of the ordinary diaphragm, into the trumpet. The valve consists of a number of small slots, covered with a fine comb, not unlike a mouth organ, and the vibration of this comb produces the sound. On a calm, windless day it is estimated that, with a high pressure, the record could be distinctly heard three miles away.

The ability of some of the most minute of the earth's inhabitants to produce striking changes on the face of the land, which Darwin showed was characteristic of earth worms, has recently been appealed to in attempting to account for the curious natural mounds seen in Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas. The creatures to whose agency these mounds are provisionally ascribed are white ants, or termites, supposed to have abounded in the south central United States at some former period, when a warmer and moister climate prevailed there. In Cuba, the atta, or leaf-cutting ants, at present build mounds ten or twelve feet high, and in western Texas their mounds are sometimes forty or fifty feee in diameter, although only one or two feet in height. The ant theory is regarded by Mr. A. S. Veatch as, upon the whole, preferable to the suggestions which have been made that the mounds in question were formed either by springs and gas vents, or by the action of the wind.

ROOSEVELT CUTS LOOSE.

Has Time of His Life in Reunion with Cowboys.

Before dinner the President held a reception, standing out under one of the big trees that line the gravel walk, says the San Antonio correspondent of the New York World. The rough riders came up one by one. The President called most of them by their first name. Occasionally he called a "Bill" a "Jim" or thought "Hank" was "Tom," but usually he knew them before they were presented to him by Lieutenant Fortescue, who stood beside him.

"Hello, 'Ben!'" he shouted, as "Ben" Daniels sidled up. "If you hadn't been here I never would have forgiven you."

"Colonel," said George McCabe of Arizona, "do you remember when I stole that mess of green corn for you?"

"Do I remember it!" exploded the President, slapping McCabe on the back. "Why, George, that was the best mess of green corn I ever had."

"I guess you don't remember me, do you?" asked Henry Bardshaar, of Prescott, bashfully.

"Why, sure!" exclaimed the President. "It's Henry, isn't it?"

Then he turned to those around him and said: "Henry stole for me. He stole provisions from the quartermaster and one night he stole a poncho and a Spanish blanket. Say, Henry, we didn't sleep that night, for it rained, but we'd have been much colder if we hadn't had the blanket and the poncho."

Several of the troopers had been waiting for a chance to make a request.

"Colonel," said one, "we've got some of our women folks here. Can we present them?"

"Present them? Well, I should say you can. Bring them up."

The ladies were brought forward—a tittering, embarrassed bunch. There were wives, daughters, mothers and sweethearts.

"Ladies," said the President, after he had shaken hands with all of them, "you are the only ones I put before my Rough Riders."

Then he turned to the tickled men.

"Boys," he continued, "I congratulate you on your good taste in selecting your wives and other female relatives. I certainly am proud of you."

Meanwhile Henry Bardshaar had been standing around, first on one foot and then on the other. The President's eye fell on him.

"By Godfrey, Henry," he said, as he wrung the trooper's hand again, "I am glad you are here. You see," he explained, "Henry was my orderly for a time, and every time I was on the firing line he was there. Every time I stood up Henry stood up, too. He seemed to think that if I got shot it was his duty to get shot, too."

There was half an hour of this sort of greeting, all personal, and then the party sat down to dinner. It was a camp dinner, cooked in camp ovens and served with camp dishes. There were a pot roast of beef, corn, peas, potatoes, bread and butter and coffee.

The President fell to with an appetite that apparently was voracious. He had two helpings of beef, and ate so much bread and butter that Secretary Loeb was obliged to replenish the plate three times.

There are finicky people, not to say, pernickety, who think the word "bully" is vulgar. He said he was "bully" when a rough rider asked him how he felt, how he liked his reception, what he thought of the city, the State, the country or the universe. Everything was "bully," and so was he. He laughed like a schoolboy on vacation. He let down in every way. The sentries around the fence were deaf to the pleadings of the crowd who wanted to get in, and the President, as he said himself, "played hookey" from being President for three hours, and had the time of his life.

INDIAN TREATMENT OF SICK.

Superstitious Ceremony that Is Often a Last Resort.

The trial in the federal court of Louis Brown, charged with the murder of Walter Richardson and Moses Pettigrew, brought to light an Indian superstition that was new to many people. Several years ago, when the famous Solomon Hotem witch killing case was tried in the same court, there was considerable evidence to show the belief of the Indians in witchcraft, and the testimony in the Brown case reveals an equally weird story.

One of the witnesses testified that the homicide for which Brown was tried occurred at a "pachofsha." In answer to inquiries as to the meaning of the word it was explained that a pachofsha is a feast and a part of the incantation and superstitious ceremony conducted over the sick by the lower class of ignorant Indians.

When a man is thought to be sick enough to require the services of a doctor he is put into a hut, and for three days no one except the doctor sees him. The doctor goes into the woods and gathers herbs, from which he prepares a potion for the sick man and then keeps a lonely vigil with him. At the end of the third day, if the patient is not improved, the order is given to prepare a pachofsha. Corn and meat, either beef, pork or game, are put in a large kettle and stewed until the corn is soft.

All the relatives of the sick man are entitled to attend, and they gather around the kettle for the feast. The sick man is brought out and served first. He is fed as much as his stomach can hold, and the others then turn in and devour the remainder of the stew. When this is concluded a bonfire is built and lighted, the crowd circles around and dances to the time of a weird chant. After this, if the sick man does not show signs of getting better, nothing more is done for him, and he dies or gets well by act of Providence.—Oklahoma Times-Journal.

Prisoner Proves Up Land.

Sheriff Nelson of Green County has taken to the Kansas penitentiary John F. Yates, a farmer, for the murder of William Hughes, a wealthy cattleman, last July.

Yates was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary in the District Court at Mangum three weeks ago, says the Kansas City Journal, but was allowed to prove up his homestead and provide for his family so they could live in comfort during the three years he is in the penitentiary.

Last Saturday night Yates went to Sheriff Nelson and said he was ready to begin his sentence. He was not manacled as he rode on the train on the way to Lansing, Kan., but sat in the seat with the Sheriff as any other citizen might.

The killing of Hughes was the result of an old free-range quarrel out in the new country. Yates was arrested and placed in jail. His bond was fixed at $20,000, the judge thinking that amount would be more than would be raised in the county.

Yates was released on bond, however, before the end of the week. A group of farmers who were his friends qualified for more than twice that amount.

Judge Irwin announced the sentence, and asked Yates if he had anything to say. Yates said the sentence was just and that he would serve it.

He said, however, he lacked a short time of having proved up his homestead, and asked to be with his family two weeks longer. Judge Irwin granted the request.

Rink Talk.

Violet—I wonder if Charley Gayboy is a good skater.

Rose—Oh, yes, I think he must be. At least, I heard my brother say that he is an awfully high roller.—Detroit Free Press.

OLD Favorites

The Good Time Coming.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
We may not live to see the day,
But earth shall glisten in the ray
Of the good time coming.
Cannon balls may aid the truth,
But thought's a weapon stronger;
We'll win our battle by its aid—
Wait a little longer.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
The pen shall supersede the sword,
And Right, not Might, shall be the lord,
In the good time coming.
Worth, not Birth, shall rule mankind,
And be acknowledged stronger;
The proper impulse has been given—
Wait a little longer.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
War in all men's eyes shall be
A monster of iniquity
In the good time coming.
Nations shall not quarrel then,
To prove which is the stronger;
Nor slaughter men for glory's sake—
Wait a little longer.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
Hateful rivalries of creed
Shall not make their martyrs bleed
In the good time coming.
Religion shall be shorn of pride,
And flourish all the stronger;
And Charity shall trim her lamp—
Wait a little longer.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
The people shall be temperate,
And shall love instead of hate,
In the good time coming.
They shall use, and not abuse,
And make all virtue stronger—
The reformation has begun—
Wait a little longer.

There's a good time coming, boys,
A good time coming;
Let us aid it all we can,
Every woman, every man,
The good time coming.
Smallest helps, if rightly given,
Make the impulse stronger—
'Twill be strong enough one day—
Wait a little longer.
—Charles Mackay.

A MODERN JEREMIAH.

Most Picturesque Peer in England Is the Earl of Wemyss.

One of the most remarkable men in the British House of Lords is the venerable Earl of Wemyss, who enjoys the distinction of being the only man who ever struck his sovereign. The incident occurred during a debate when the Earl was making a vehement harangue in favor of a militia ballot. The King—then the Prince of Wales—chanced to be occupying a seat in front of him. Emphasizing one of his points with a magnificent gesture, the zealous peer brought his clenched fist down hard on the royal hat, bonneting his future ruler effectively. It was characteristic of the Earl that he did not allow the untoward incident to disturb the thread of his discourse, postponing his apologies to a more convenient season. But his royal highness displayed a great agility in getting out of range.

EARL OF WEMYSS.

Though 86 years old last August, Lord Wemyss shows no signs of mental decreptitude. Tall, lean, willowy, burning with the fire of an unquenchable enthusiasm, gaunt and rugged in his oratory, his silvery locks flying wild about his ears, the keen features sharpened by time and periodical conflict, he would pass in the kilt for some war-seamed Scottish chieftain, hero of a score of tales of border fray. He is a prophet of woe—a modern Jeremiah whose voice is filled with lamentations. He believes conscientiously that England is following in the footsteps of Rome and hastening to the "demnition bow-wows." Ever since he entered public life—and that was long before most of those now conspicuous in it were born—he has preached a doctrine of national pessimism.

He has the courage of his convictions at all times and is never bothered by considerations of consistency. He has proclaimed both communism and individualism. He once opposed the habitual inebriates bill in the House of Lords on the ground that every Englishman ought to be allowed to get drunk when it pleased him to do so.

In his own person he furnishes the best refutation of his jeremiads on national decadence. Though he long ago passed the age when most men are supposed to have something more than one foot in the grave, he is still sound in wind and limb; is a keen sportsman, hunts, fishes, drives his own motor car, makes speeches full of fire and vigor whenever the spirit moves him, writes books and beguiles what leisure he has left at his favorite hobby—Sculpture. When he was a lusty widower of 82 he married for the second time. He succeded to his title and some 60,000 acres in Scotland in 1883. He had then been in the House of Commons for two and forty years. He helped Sir Robert Peel reform the corn laws, and for more than threescore years has been in the thick of every parliamentary fight.

As a man gets older he is not only blamed for his own faults, but for those his wife finds the children inherited from him.

Please Your Hair

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? Better please it by giving it a good hair-food—Ayer's Hair Vigor. The hair stops coming out, becomes soft and smooth, and all the deep, rich color of youth comes back to gray hair.

"I was troubled greatly with dandruff until I used Ayer's Hair Vigor. It completely cured the dandruff and also stopped my hair from falling out. It serves me very nicely also in arranging my hair in any style I wish."—MISS MAGGIE COOK, Divide, W. Va.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

"It is rather curious that within the last three years," says the Critic, "there should have been written three novels with Lord Byron as the hero. Miss Hallie Erminie Rives, with her book, "The Castaway," was the first in the field of publication; but there was another in manuscript called "The Maid of Athens," by Miss Lafayette McLaws, which I believe is not yet published. Now comes Mrs. Humphry Ward with Lord Byron as her hero, and there is still another soon to be published. It is usually the way. A subject may lie dormant for years; then suddenly strike the brain of several writers at the same time.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Home Fruit.—The very best of the fruit called manhood can be grown to richest ripeness only in the garden called home.—Rev. M. E. Harlan, Disciple, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Truth.—To know one little truth and live it is better than to know a hundred great truths—and write them down.—Rev. Frank Crane, Unitarian, Worcester, Mass.

Private Car Lines.

The railroads seem very willing to have the private car lines brought under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission. A railroad president is authority for the statement that lines are paid mileage, without discrimination, and the question of excessive charges is a matter for the shipper to settle with the car lines, so long as there is no law to govern their rates. Car mileage paying has been decided to be as legal as the payment of rental for property.

The Old Theology.—I am done with that dreadful theology which pictured God as seeking His own glory at the expense of His creatures' welfare; as condemning for His own mere pleasure innocent children and ignorant savages to an eternal torment that presupposes eternal evil.—Rev. D. Mackay, Presbyterian, New York City.

COUNTRY BOYS AND GIRLS WANTED—To assist Mutual Realty Company in selling real estate. If you want an opportunity to demonstrate your fitness for a good business and make some money without giving up your entire time, write for particulars.

MUTUAL REALTY COMPANY,
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LOGGING and Prospecting Shoes made to measure. Send for catalog and prices. Shoes sent C. O. D. on approval.

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EXPOSITION ACCOMMODATION BUREAU
The Only Official Bureau of the Lewis & Clark Fair
Goodnough Building, Portland, Oregon

HOTEL PORTLAND RATES

On account of the impression that has been prevalent in different cities regarding the exorbitant rates that are to be charged by the hotels in PORTLAND during the LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION, in justice to the HOTEL PORTLAND and its many patrons, I deem it advisable to publish the rates that will undeviatingly prevail at the HOTEL PORTLAND during the said EXPOSITION.

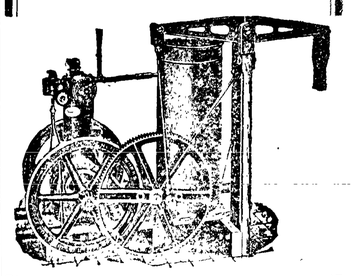
Rooms will be charged for at the rate of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 for one person, the highest-priced room in the hotel being $5.00, which includes a bath room.

Prices in Cafe are the same as in any less pretentious establishment and services second to none in the country.

Prices to our Commercial Guests will remain unchanged.

H. C. BOWERS,
Portland, Oregon. Manager.

STOVER



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Seattle and Spokane, Wash.
Boise, Idaho.

MALARIA A Poison Breathed into the System

The air arising from low, marshy places, damp cellars, stagnant ponds and pools and from decaying vegetable matter, as well as the gases from sewers, is loaded with germs of malarial poison. The water we drink, that has not been properly filtered and purified, is also full of these germs and microbes, and as we daily breathe and drink millions of these into the system, to be absorbed by the blood, the entire body begins to feel the effects of the poison. The most common form of Malaria is "chills and fever," but when the blood is thoroughly saturated with the poison it becomes so weak and polluted that abscesses, carbuncles, boils, sores, ulcers and other skin diseases result. Malaria also affects the liver, kidneys, bowels and stomach, producing a chronic state of biliousness that often results in jaundice or some malignant fever. In cases of Malaria the blood must be purified before the body can regain its natural health. S. S. S. contains purifying and tonic properties possessed by no other blood medicine, and is the ideal remedy for the treatment of Malaria. It destroys the germs of the disease and builds up the weakened, polluted circulation. It enters into the blood and forces out every particle of poison and waste matter and adds strength and activity to it. S. S. S. improves the appetite and digestion, tones up the entire system by its alterative and purifying action, and Malaria, with all its bad effects, is permanently driven from the system. Book on the blood and any medical advice, without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MALARIA IN HIS SYSTEM FOR YEARS.

For several years I suffered with Chills and Fever, caused by Malaria in my system, and each summer for several years I would have a relapse. Finally my physician prescribed S. S. S. It entirely cured me; I have never been troubled since. 913 W. Market St., Louisville, Ky. I. SHAPOFF.

SSS

O. B. WILLIAMS' SASH AND DOOR BARGAINS

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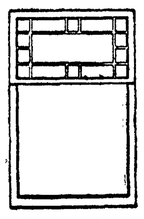

This Cottage Front Window Only $3.49---The bottom glass is 40x40 and the top glass is 40x20, arranged with margin light effect, as shown in illustration. The outside measure of the window is 3 feet 8 inches wide, by 5 feet 6 inches high. These beautiful cottage front windows add greatly to the appearance of a house, and the extra exqense is small.

I Carry in Stock 1,000 Cottage Front Windows---Send for my price lists illustrating, pricing and describnig these deantiful windows, also quoting wholesale prices on doors, sash, hardware, glass, window frames and door frames, etc. Buy direct at wholesale prices.

O. B. WILLIAMS, 1503 Third Avenue, SEATTLE, WASH.

The Largest and Most Favorably Known Sash and Door Dealer in the Northwest.

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The finishing touch to a perfect summer costume will be given when we have fitted any one of the many dainty styles to your feet. Notice our window display of the various Queen Quality spring and summer styles, then come inside and we will be pleased to have you try on any or all styles. Our line this year is larger than ever before and embodies a greater variety of exclusive designs.

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Send us your mail orders. Write for catalogue.

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SOCIAL, CLUB & LODGE NOTES

WHIST AND SURPRISE PARTIES, ENTERTAINMENTS AND SOCIALS

Annual Alumni Reunion.

The Fifth Annual Reunion of the P. A. H. S. Alumni Association was held at Haning Hall, Monday evening, June 5th. At nine o'clock the President, Mr. Ralph Lutz, called the meeting to order and delivered a very able address of welcome to the new graduates.

The new graduates, in turn, were requested to respond to certain toasts, which brought forth some witty remarks and caused much laughter.

Mr. Herbert Babcock gave a short address on "Our Alumni," followed by a very glowing report of the progress of the High School by Prof. Mahaffy. Miss Isabel McLaughlin also spoke a few words in memory of a departed member, Mr. Harry E. Bradshaw.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Pres., Ralph Lutz.

Vice-Pres., Inez McLauglin.

Sec. and Treas., Madge Haynes Nailor.

After adjournment, all joined hands and sang Auld Lang Syne, after which dancing was indulged in for a few hours.

Punch was served during the evening.

Each member had the privilege of inviting two guests and a very pleasant party was in attendance. The hall was beautifully decorated in the colors of the Alumni, purple and gold.

Members of the Alumni present were: Class of 1895, Ray McLaughlin; '96, Herbert Babcock; '98, Ella Johnson, Madge Nailor; '00, Winfield Wood; '02, Isabel McLaughlin, Ralph Lutz; '04, Lucy Bayton; '05, Inez McLaughlin, Margaret McMullen, Addie Thomas, Charles Filion, Antone Smith.

Miss Margaret Delabarre will entertain next Wednesday afternoon in honor of her 10th birthday.

A Rose Party.

Miss Leonice Cushing celebrated the fifth anniversary of her birthday with a delightful party at the home of her grandma and grandpa Cushing on last Saturday p. m. About thirty children, large and small, gathered at the pleasant home and a very happy time was enjoyed by all. The house was beautifully decorated with wild roses intermingled with great clusters of cut flowers. The dining room was especially pretty in its artistic decorations, consisting of green and pink and when the table was surrounded with the bright faces of the children, each with a dainty pink rosebud, it made a picture long to be remembered. The dainty sandwiches were tied with pink ribbon and all the other refreshments were pink and white. Games of various kinds made the time pass swiftly and pleasantly by and all too soon the children had to bid their charming little hostess goodbye, after wishing her many more such happy birthdays.

Remember Park Day.

Park Day will be the 16th of June and it is the earnest request of the ladies that every man and boy who is able to work will turn out and help in this grand work. The Park is for the public good and enjoyment of everyone, so take a few hours at least on this date to contribute your little share in making a summer resort and picnic ground we will all be proud to show our friends. If you cannot come yourself interest your neighbors and friends. The ladies always see that a good dinner is provided and each family coming is requested to bring their lunch basket.

"Schillings'" One Star Coffee at 25c lb. E. E. Seevers.

ANNUAL REPORT OF CIVIC CLUB

Shows What a Few Energetic Women Can Accomplish for Public Welfare.

Pt. Angeles, Wn. June 6, 1905.

This report dates from August 16th, 1904, to which time the former Secretary brought her first annual report.

From that date to the 6th of June, 1905, the present secretary embraces the record of the work accomplished by the Civic Club.

Of great importance was the repairing of sidewalks in various sections, for which purpose the club used old lumber belonging to the city, and expended $30.00 from the treasury for new lumber.

A "side-walk day," "home day," and three "stump days" were appointed by the club, besides several extra days when the work was paid for—it being necessary to fill up many dangerous holes in the prominent streets, that had been left by the blown up stumps.

Under the auspices of the club, six entertainments have been given, between December and May, namely:

A concert, by outside talent.

An afternoon tea, at Mrs. Cushing's.

A Shadow Social.

A Benefit Concert.

A Poverty Party.

The club has taken active interest in the proposed bridge building on Pine and Tumwater hills, and has the nucleus of a Bridge Fund, of which Mr. G. M. Lauridsen has been appointed trustee.

The "City Park" has been the chief object of attention so far this season, and, under the able management of the Park committee, wonders have been accomplished. In the three short "park days", trails have been made and widened, clearing and planting done, seats and tables made, rustic bridges built, a rustic kitchen constructed and well equipped. Major and Mrs. Harding donated the cooking stove, and others various smaller appointments. The club has purchased cups, spoons and forks for use on its various "days," and has served coffee in liberal quantities upon the three occasions named, this spring.

During the fall session a Mother's Department was added to the club's work. The special purpose of this department is to assist busy mothers with their sewing. Several meetings of the committee were held and a large amount of work done. The humane branch of the club has, also, much to its credit. Through its agency a number of poor families have been comfortably clothed during the winter, in all 37 children and 7 adults.

During Institute week an invitation was extended to the city and county teachers to co-operate with the Civic club. The main purpose of the co-operation is to bring about a close relationship between the teachers and the people in general. To this end the teachers were invited to meet with the club in the Park on May 17th, where supper was served, and a social time enjoyed by all present.

Three new names have been added to the roll during the year.

Following is an account of all moneys received and paid out by the club since it was organized two years ago:

RECEIPTS.

Dues	$ 83 00
Entertainment and donations	601 88
Total	$684 88

EXPENDITURES.

Labor	$109 00
Electric Lights	100 00
Powder	90 00
Humane Dept	44 50
Merchants' Supplies	186 80
The Bridge Fund	69 08
For School Purposes	85 00
Total	$684 38
Balance	.50

At the annual meeting on the 6th of June, the old Board was re-elected by acclamation, for which honor the President, Mrs. C. A. Cushing; the Vice President, Mrs. John Trumbull, and Mrs. F. A. Cooke, the Treasurer, thanked the members of the club in a few well chosen words of appreciation; Mrs. Trumbull reminding the club that "in unity there is strength."

The president appointed a committee to confer with the Commercial Club in regard to July 4th. It is the intention of the Civic Club to make the Park an attractive place upon that day, and those at home, and from abroad, are expected th "rally 'round the flag" THERE, and bring their baskets with them. The Club will sell tea and coffee.

It is the hope of the Board that many will add their names to the roll in the near future. The dues are but $1.00 per year, and each and every citizen should try to realize that a dollar put into the treasury of the Civic Club is a miniature investment in city improvements.

ANNIE D. CARUSI,
Secretary.

The Lady Maccabees will give a program and social in Haning Hall June 13. Admission 10 cts. Ice cream and cake 10 cents. Everybody invited.

SCHOOL FIELD MEET

Scholars in Rooms 5, 6 and 7 Have a Day's Outing.

Rooms 5, 6 and 7 held a Field Meet at the Ball Park last Friday. The weather proved all that could be desired and the contestants came prepared to do or die. The winners were as follows:

Rope skipping–June Stakemiller,	Room 6
Wood chopping–Alice Finch..... (She is a clipper.)	" 5
Hat trimming--bicycle — Warren Morse, Vivian Beam.....	" 5
Foot race--Jennie Finch.....	" 6
Tortoise race--Maud Hirsch.....	" 6
Straight bicycle race–Maud Hirsch	" 6
Parachute race–Daphna McLaughlin,	6
Bicycle Race—Warren Morse....	" 5
Egg race--Warren Morse.....	" 5
Relay race -- Wesley Bown, Herbert Woods	" 7
Wheelbarrow-- Herbert Woods...	" 7
Broad Jump-- Herbert Woods....	" 7
Pole vaulting--Lyle Beam.....	" 6

At this juncture all hostilities ceased while the girls served lunch, consisting of sandwiches, salad, pickles, cake, fruit and lemonade.

After lunch the gymnasium girls swung Indian clubs through first set.

The ball game was the event of the afternoon. Rooms 5 and 6 played the high school and figuratively, sometimes literally, walked all over them. The score stood 19 to 2 in favor of 5 and 6. Lucky for Townsend it didn't undertake to play the whole of this redoubtable nine.

The score for the whole day was as follows:

Room 6	30 points
Room 5	29 points
Room 7	17 points

The work, as a whole, was fair, considering the little preliminary practice, but we hope next year's Field Meet will show great improvement in athletic sports.

Manhattan Whist Club

The last meeting of the Manhattan Whist Club for the year was held Monday with Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Farmer; a delightful evening was enjoyed by all. As is customary with them, final prizes were awarded, Mrs. Hatch receiving first ladies prize, Mrs. FitzHenry second and Mrs. E. E. Fisher consolation; Mr. Lauridsen won first; Mr. Delabarre the second and Judge Hatch the consolation.

Angeles Lady Honored.

At the State Federation of Clubs, held at Walla Walla last week, Mrs. W. L. Church was elected as treasurer for the ensuing year. The retiring treasurer reported receipts for the year of $404.42, and disbursements of $203.77. Port Townsend was selected as the next meeting place.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday Reading Club enjoyed a very pleasant meeting with Mrs. Cross last week and were entertained with a splendid talk on Milton and readings from Paradise Lost by Rev. Cheal. Mrs. Taylor of Dungeness was a guest of the club. The meeting this week is with Mrs. Willson.

Memorial Services.

The Odd Fellows of the local lodge will attend divine service in the Baptist church next Sunday evening, and Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach their annual sermon and special decorations and special music will be arranged.

Members of the Home Department and Cradle Roll of the Methodist Sunday school are cordially invited to attend the morning church service. Children's Day service in the evening, when a full program will be given by the Sunday school.

A. A. Richardson is in Seattle for a few days.

FURNITURE

UP-TO-DATE GOODS

We carry a most complete line of everything in Furniture. The goods are from the most reliable manufacturers in the country and are all new and stylish — the finest and largest stock in this vicinity. It will be to your interest as well as ours for you to give our store a visit before you make your selections of furniture.

REASONABLE PRICES

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

COZAD'S CALIFORNIA DOG AND PONY SHOW

Will Soon Exhibit Here. Splendid Collection of Performing Pets.

When Cozad's California Dog, Pony Monkey and Goat Circus makes its apperance here on Monday, June 12th, it will be found that this class of interesting entertainment has made giant strides towards improvements. With ample money at command and years of experience, Prof. Cozard has projected an immense animal show that is so complete in every particular and has added so many attractive features to the exhibition that it is doubtful if the public will ever again be satisfied with the small dog and Pony show that was wont to exhit here. The show opens with a beautiful fifty minature horse act and is followed by tableaux and acts in bewildering profusion. Ponies march and drill; a number of ponies have bells fastened to their heads and at the word of command, they play various tunes by shaking the chimes. There is a ludicrous monkey fire department; a complete drama is given with dog and monkey actors; goats ride a tight rope; dogs make high dives from the top of the tent; they box, wrestle and dance to the music and there are many exciting hippodrome races wherein monkeys, dogs, and goats are the jockey riders upon the backs of intelligent and demure ponies. It is the sort of an entertainment that makes a child happy and at the same time instructs him in the nature of our dumb companions. Cozad's California Dog and Pony Circus will give two exhibitions Monday under their own mammoth waterproof tents and the usual free street parades will be shown at 1:30 p.m.

THE COAST.

The Coast, a monthly magazine published by Honor L. Wilhelm, Seattle, Washington, is a representative periodical of the Northwest; and should have the subscription and advertising support of every public-spirited and enterprising resident of the Northwest. Already the magazine has a circulation of over five thousand names upon its mailing list and it does seem that its advertising pages should have more of the firms doing business in the West therein represented. The work of the magazine is to gather and publish the early history and the present conditions and resources of the Northwest, illustrating the same with excellent half-tone engravings and illustrations, at the same time publishing from time to time such stories and literary matter as it is able to secure from the writers of the Northwest. In its conduct it has been and is independent and fearless and pays tribute to no one special class or clique, and is noted for its high standard and authentic descriptions and accounts of the country it represents. Sample copies of the magazine can be secured by addressing a postal card to the publisher at his address, Box 262, Seattle, Washington, and any inquiries made concerning any part of the state addressed to its editor will receive prompt and faithful attention. The subscription price of the monthly is $1.00 per year, and, as an especial inducement, seven months will be sent to any address in the United States or Canada, for 50 cents. Write at once and secure one of the brightest, as well as the worthiest periodicals published at the present time.

MUSIC

MUSIC

INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN ON THE
VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR

Course of Twelve Lessons for $5.00.

Lessons written and arranged especially for young pupils.

Music Furnished for Balls, Parties and Entertainments. Out of Town Engagements Solicited.

L. E. COLE, LINCOLN DINING ROOM
Box 361. Port Angeles, Wash.

Favorite Recipes Used By Port Angeles' Cooks

WASHING MADE EASY.

The Soap: Cut three bars of Babbett's soap into dice, add three large mixing-spoonsful of kerosene, cover with hot water, in a five pound pail; stir occasionally, until the soap is all dissolved, then beat well and set away in same pail, (this has to set on the stove to melt.)

To Wash: Have the cleanest and finest of the soiled clothes for one boiler full; put into *cold* water, with soap enough for a good suds, stir occasionally, until the water boils, then suds and rinse and hang up to dry; then follow with more soiled clothes always putting them into *cold* water—no soaking or rubbing is required—and the suds from the boiler is excellent for the colored clothes. Many house-keepers in town use this method of washing and I would ask all others to try it, and be able to wash and have no backache from the long, hard rubbing and your clothes are not torn. MRS. D. W. CRAIG.

HOW TO GIVE CHILDREN CASTOR OIL.

Children who refuse to take castor oil make no fuss if it is given in this way. Take one cupful of milk, one of molasses, half a cupful of sugar, half a cupful of castor oil, a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, two of ginger, a little salt, and enough flour to make a stiff paste. Roll out, cut into shapes, and bake in a quick oven. One or two are as good as a dose of oil.

AN APPEAL FOR HOME IMPROVEMENT.

A correspondent in the Port Townsend Leader well says: These lovely growing rains have brought out all kinds of foliage resplendent—making it a joy to see the brilliant new dress on every shrub and tree. It makes the barren spots more noticeable than ever.

It was only a few short years ago that the corner owned by Mr. Al Bartlett was destitute of green. Thought and care have made a mingling of the useful and ornamental in growing things that charms every beholder and proves what can be accomplished for profit as well as beauty in our mild climate.

The droning of bees and song birds is everywhere apparent. Further down the street another mass of greenery in cultivated wildness gives marked individuality to the home of Mrs. Mary Webster. Nature has simply been assisted in carrying out its own wild plan. The most beautiful effect is always the one that looks as though it just happened as the unconscious beauty is the belle.

Looking back up the hill the little church of simple lines is a charming bit with such a wealth of clinging vines—Scotch broom and Wall-flowers that "just grew" like Topsy. What would it be had living hands never made the initial step?

Only a few days ago a lady said (who had been confined to her bed for weeks) "If you could only know the pleasure I've had during the many weeks in bed watching the changing picture that the spring has brought in your yard."

We little dream what a wide-spread influence we exert when we only try to make the best of our own, for its like the dropping of a stone in the water—circle after circle forms on its surface—larger and larger—until it is lost on the shore.

Plant trees, plant shrubs, vines, anything—but DO plant something.

DUNGENESS

Mrs. M. E. Savage and her two sons left Saturday for an extended visit with her brother, M. Homacks, of Salmon, Idaho. Her many friends gathered at her home Friday evening to bid her good bye and to wish her a very pleasant trip.

Capt. and Mrs. Horne are visiting friends up Sound this week.

The new creamery company expects to be ready for operation next Monday.

Schooner "Sophia Johnson" arrived in port Thursday with a large consignment of farm implements and vehicles for Knight & Eby.

Wm. Hubbard is an inmate of the Port Angeles hospital, with a bad attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Phil Rollins, a former resident of Dungeness, was visiting relatives and friends here last week. Thursday, the 18th, he and a party of friends drove to Port Angeles where he was united in marriage to Mrs. Phelps. They returned to Dungeness that evening and remained with the bride's sister, Mrs. J. E. Ellis until Saturday morning, when they went to Seattle where they will make their home.

Mrs. Wm. Dick returned to her home last Sunday from the Port Angeles hospital, where she has been for the past five months.

Delbert Marshall was in the Port Angeles hospital a few days last week.

SEGUIN NOTES.

This section has had more rain this week than has been known for years. It has rained continuously for forty-eight hours at a time and all the irrigation ditches are shut down as they were drowning the farmer's crops at the lower end of the prairie. But altogether it has been a great benefit to farmers, as it will make the grain crops quite heavy.

Wednesday was commercial day at Seguin; there were six knights of the grip in town.

The Cougar Mill is running again after a few days of idleness, due to the making of some improvements.

Dr. McGeorge was a visitor to Angeles the first of the week.

Miss Nelson and Miss M. E. Priest visited Pt. Townsend on Tuesday last, returning on Thursday.

Supervisor Wooding has moved his road camp back to Seguin, where he will be for three weeks, constructing a new road to Happy Valley.

Call at Mrs. H. C. Grant's and see the new line of summer goods.

Mrs. Joe Pollard of Townsend is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Fortman, on Lost Mountain.

O. B. Hart was a visitor to the county seat the first of the week.

Miss Ella Knapman leaves for Yellowstone Park, Friday, to take up the hotel business during the coming season. Miss Knapman has been visiting her relatives here for the past six months and will be missed very much by the people of Seguin, who, however, wish her much success in her business undertaking.

The Seguin Stars and Dungeness Clears crossed bats in a friendly game of ball at Dungeness on Sunday last. The Stars were the victors.

P. S. Govan has been complaining of a bad cold the past week.

Mrs. H. A. Sindars is visiting with Mrs. Geo. McConnell in Happy Valley.

UNFORTUNATE CASE.

An opportunity has presented itself for the people of this community and of the county as a whole, to emulate the example of the good samaritan. Some months since the little trading schooner Surf Duck, commanded by Capt. Hank, a well known character in these parts, disappeared off the mouth of the Hoh river in western Jefferson county. Capt. Hank plied with his little craft between Seattle and the west coast, carrying supplies for the settlers there, and often stopped in here.

Capt. Hank leaves a widow and four children in the most straightened circumstances, left destitute, in fact, by the death of her husband and protector. At the time of his disappearance, the unfortunate woman had but half a dollar in the house and less than half a sack of flour in the bin. While Mrs. Hank does not ask for aid, an opportunity is presented to aid a most worthy cause and contribute towards making life just a little easier for the grief stricken and poverty burdened woman and four waifs on the west coast.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have no voice in the management or control of the "Westphal County Home." This right has been usurped and denied me by the Honorable Board of County Commissioners.

This action seems to have been taken on account of my troublesomeness in reference to what I consider very inefficient and negligent management.

D. A. CHRISTOPHER,
Elected as Com'r 3rd Dist.

CHURCH SERVICES

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Horace Williston, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 8:00 p m. Sunday school 10 a m. Epworth League 7:00 p. m.

St. Andrew's Episcopal Church services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m Rev. Jas. Cheal, pastor. All are welcome.

Baptist Church Services morning and evening, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., at both of which Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach. All the people are cordially invited to hear this earnest man.

First Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at Science Hall, Second St., Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. All are welcome.

Services at the People's Church hall, cor. Front and Francis streets, next Sunday at 11 a. m., J. A. Baldridge, minister. Topic: "The Lowering of Religious Ideals." Welcome to all.

The Socialist Club meets every 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month at Odd Fellows hall at 2 o'clock. All are welcome.

THE COAST.

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SEATTLE - PORT TOWNSEND - VICTORIA ROUTE

STR. WHATCOM leaves Seattle daily except Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Pier No. 1 foot Yesler Way. Returning, leaves Victoria daily, except Sunday, at 8 p. m.

Note—Will call at Angeles on trip leaving Victoria Saturday nights.

STR. ALICE GERTRUDE leaves Lilly Bogardus dock Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, at 12 midnight for Port Townsend Port Williams, Dungeness, Port Angeles, Port Crescent, Gettysburg, Pysht, Clallam and Neah Bay. Returning, leaves Angeles, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 5 a. m

STR. BELLINGHAM leaves Lilly & Bogardus dock Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 12 midnight for Port Townsend, Port Williams, Dungeness, Port Angeles, Port Crescent, Gettysburg, Pysht, Clallam Leaves Port Angeles at 5 a. m. Monday. Wednesday, Friday. Arrives Seattle 2:30.

Steamers and schedule subject to change without notice.

CHARLES E. PEABODY,
Gen'l Manager
607 First Avenue, Seattle.
J. O. MORSE, Agent at Port Angeles.

SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Anna A. Hawthorn, Plaintiff, vs. William J. Hawthorn, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said William J. Hawthorn, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit; within sixty days after the 19th day of May A. D. 1905, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, Geo. Venable Smith, at his office, below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

This action is brought to dissolve the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address Port Angeles, Washington.
Date of first publication of this summons May 19th, 1905.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Leading Professional, Mercantile and Trades People of Port Angeles

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Cochran, J. E.
McClinton & McClinton.
Richardson, A. A.
Ritchie, Wm.
Smith, Geo. V.
Stewart, James.
Trumbull & Trumbull.

Dentists.
Mead & Butler.

Physicians.
Appleton, T. J.
McGillivray, D. E.

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Hart, H. J.
Mason, H. O.
Raymond's News Depot.
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Fisher Pharmacy.
Mathewson's Pharmacy.
Nailor, C. E. & Co.

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City Fish and Products Market.

Footwear.
Davis, Alf. A.
Lutz, S. J. & Co.
Times Clothing Mart.

Furniture.
Baker's 2nd hand Store.
Gutenberg Bros.
Willson Hardware Co.

Grocers.
Brophy, T. S. & Co.
Gray & Stewart.
Merrill, E. W. & Co.
Port Angeles Grocery Co.
Seevers, E. E.

Hardware.
Gutenberg Bros.
Willson, R. D., Hardware Co.

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Commercial Hotel.
Globe Hotel.
Merchants' Hotel.

Jewelry.
Williams, P. J.

Job Printing.
The Olympic Press.

Laundry.
Crystal Steam Laundry.

Livery.
Chambers' Livery and Transfer.
Johnson's Livery and Transfer.
Thompson, C. W.

Lumber.
Filion Lumber & Shingle Co.
Giest & Gose.

Machinists.
Lyster, W. E.
McIvor & Swansen.
Smith, L. H.
McNutt, H. P.

Meat Markets.
Fitzgerald, James.
Port Angeles Meat Co.
Wolf & Ahlvers.

Millinery.
Pheific Store Co.
Phelps Dry Goods Co.

Paints and Paper.
Johnson & Bork.

Photographs.
C. E. Fulmer's Studio.

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Aldwell, Thos. T.
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Harding, R. R.
Hawkes, J. P. & Co.
Miller, H. C.
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THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, publishers of the aforesaid newspapers, are the SOLE OWNERS of the following NEWS FRANCHISES for publication in the City of Seattle:—

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY SERVICE, furnished by leased wire terminating in THE TIMES building.

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THE SUNDAY TIMES is admittedly the GRANDEST NEWSPAPER published west of CHICAGO, having no peer on the Pacific Coast. The circulation of THE SUNDAY TIMES has now reached 46,000. THE SUNDAY TIMES runs from 44 to 56 pages every issue.

THE DAILY TIMES, ranging from 14 to 28 pages, now exceeds 37,000 circulation and is the BEST EVENING NEWSPAPER published in the United States, with the exception of the Chicago News.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, issued every Wednesday, consists of 16 pages, and is the greatest Weekly for the money published in this field.

THE SUNDAY TIMES costs $2.25 per annum, or 20 cents a month

THE DAILY TIMES costs $6 per annum, or 50 cents a month.

THE WEEKLY TIMES costs $1 per annum.

It actually takes 40 per cent of all the white paper consumed by all the daily newspapers published in Washington to publish the various editions of THE TIMES.

If you want the BEST, the LARGEST, and yet the CHEAPEST for actual cash paid, subscribe for one of these editions.

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, Seattle, Wash.

—THE—

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OF PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE
BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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Newly Furnished Throughout — Rooms for Commercial Men

MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, Proprietor

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Party Suppers.

Port Angeles, Washington

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Also of Timber, Indians, etc. A Beautiful Collection.

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ALL SIZES AND STYLES

AT FULMER'S STUDIO

H. C. MILLER

Real Estate Agent

Lists Property for Sale or Rent

Johnson & Bork Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wall Paper
Painting and Paper Hanging

WOMEN AND FASHION

Break the Engagement.

There are few of us who do not admire and applaud the girl who is constant and true—no matter what the circumstances may be—to the man who wins her heart's affections. We delight to read the stories of poets and romancers, which tell of a girl's constancy—how by remaining true to her "Prince Charming," she helped to overcome all obstacles to their union, and perhaps won back her lover's affections, when he was inclined to desert her for the charms and fascinations of another girl. And should we become acquainted with such a girl in real life we hold up her constancy as an example for all members of her sex to follow.

It may sound rank heresy to say so, but it is the greatest pity in the world that constancy of this character is so extolled. Not that the girl who refuses to be shaken in her allegiance to the man she loves, and ultimately leads him to a happy life by her true-heartedness, is undeserving of admiration and praise. The fault lies in the fact that by holding up such a case as a splendid example to their sex, many girls get exaggerated notions and ideas as to how far constancy should be practiced in love affairs.

The result is that they are very often foolishly constant. They do not temper their love with common sense. The reader may smile, and say that love is blind and ousts common sense from the average girl's mind. But in many cases this is only because she possesses false, romantic and sentimental ideas as to what a girl's duty is to the man she loves.

Many a girl has ruined her life's happiness by remaining true to a man quite unworthy of her affections, through a mistaken sense of duty. Then, again, there are girls who, having betrothed themselves to a man, persist in marrying him, although they are fully aware that, to a certain extent, their affections have been alienated from him by another man. Such an act cannot possibly be regarded as constancy, although some girls may think it is the embodiment of that virtue. Rather is it the duty of the girl under such circumstances to break her promise and pledge.

An honorable girl must see that to keep a promise to marry a man after the love that sanctioned the pledge has partly or wholly gone, is to commit a grievous and irreparable sin. Better a thousand times a broken promise than two ruined and broken lives.—Home Monthly.

Dashing Bit of Millinery.

There is a chic and a dash to this charming hat in a coarse straw of a faint blue shade. The crown sets comfortably to the head, with a deep bandeau to lift the left side, where the brim takes a jaunty curve. The crown is encircled with a soft drapery of India mousseline in a creamy white. The bunch of violets is set into a rosette of violet and the plumes that drape the dashing upturned right side are in pale blue, shaded to lilac at the tip. It heads the list of "swell hats."

Little Women Hate Hugely.

That the dainty little Japanese women are capable of cherishing a deep hatred is shown by their attitude toward Russians.

From the Empress down to the wife of a cooly, it is said, they are united against the government and the individuals of the Russian nation. T. Funabushi, a student at the Boston University Theological school, in a recent lecture on "The Patriotism of Japanese Women," declared that "men are inclined to put all the blame on the Russian government, and to give a charitable construction to whatever is done by an individual Russian subject. But the women remember all the atrocities committed by the Russians on the defenseless and weak Asiatics for the last ten years."

Work-a-Day Clothes.

For business women nothing is smarter than dainty blouses of white China silk. These wash better than blouses made of ordinary wash fabrics and always look pretty and fresh. The color goes with anything else, and the fact that they have constantly to be laundered prevents any gathering of unhealthy microbes; for a business woman must travel on crowded cars and her clothing, more than that of any other woman, should be of a kind that may be frequently and readily cleaned. The popular way in which to make these China silk waists is with a lot of little tucks or else with four large ones on each side the front and back. Large tucks are smartest when stitched down a fourth of an inch from the edges and great care should be taken in marking tucks on blouses to see that they turn outward instead of inward. In the latter case one is sure to come to grief, for, in some unaccountable manner, blouses immediately wear out or "grin" under or about the armholes when tucks are turned inward.

Gown of Chine Taffeta.

Gown of chine taffeta, pompadour-rose design on white ground. Full skirt bordered with snow-drop lace insertion framed in double frills of plain white taffeta. Same finish on three-quarter length sleeve. Shaped yoke of tucked mousseline de sole surrounded by the lace galon. Draped blouse with front of the lace and jabot pale green; satin liberty girdle.

Beauty and Amiability.

The woman who can control herself under the most trying circumstances is the woman who holds the strongest power over men.

And amiability is not only power, it is mental progression and health and happiness and long life to one's self and to one's friends and family.

The assertion from a woman that she has a bad temper, and is proud of it, has kept more than one worthy man from asking her to share his future as his wife.

No matter how beautiful and brainy and fascinating the bad tempered woman may be, or how lengthy her bank account, her power is infinitesimal compared with that of her amiable sister.

The average man prizes permanent peace and content above the happiness of possessing a beautiful, attractive creature for a wife, and he knows that a bad-tempered woman and peace go not together.

Are You Too Plump?

How to become slender! Let the maiden inclined to embonpoint follow this advice and her form should become as willowy as she could wish: Rise early and take a cold bath, rubbing vigorously afterward with a coarse towel or flesh brush. Take a cupful of water before breakfast. Take one small cup of tea at breakfast, some dry toast, boiled fish or a small cutlet, and a baked apple or a little fruit. At dinner, which should be at midday, take white fish or meat, dry toast or stale bread, vegetables or fruit (either fresh or stewed): for supper, toast, salad, fruit and six ounces of wine or water. Hot water with lemon juice in it is also good for supper. When you have followed all these rules and find yourself fairylike in proportion then you may begin to contemplate smart clothes such as only the slender can wear.

FASHION NOTES.

Two rows of tiny buttons around one scalloped and frilled example.

As ever the plain all-over lace parasol is good style for fine occasions.

Japanese silk blouses are thin and cool-looking, and are said to wear well.

Long branches of oak leaves half-curled by frost make a lovely trimming for a large hat.

"Pavement gray" is heralded from London as one of the best and newest colors for cloth gowns.

Mode, which is a kind of cold champagne color, promises to be a favorite for spring in all its shades.

Many of the new-old revivals in ribbons would match to a "T" the strings of some very ancient bonnets.

The modes offer an excellent opportunity for using up scraps of lace, velvet, brocade and fancy buttons.

Wonderful effects are attained in the shaded girdles. The prettiest is a soft gray silk, beginning in pale pearl and shading up to deep smoke gray at the top.

The latest and smartest is a stunningly plain sunshade of heavy white linen. It is bordered in broderie Anglaise effect, the embroidery being done on the material. It costs $10.

Mr. Cleveland on Woman's Clubs.

Grover Cleveland has contributed an article to the May Ladies' Home Journal on "Woman's Mission and Woman's Clubs." The former President looks with little favor upon woman's clubs. His ideal of a good wife is summed up in the homely definition: "A woman who loves her husband and her country with no desire to run either." He does not object to women associating or co-operating in charitable, benevolent and religious work local in activities and purposes. He even seems willing a woman should belong to one or perhaps even two clubs. He fears, however, that if she join one club she will be tempted to join more, and will finally get to neglecting her home. He regards home making and child rearing as the highest missions of woman, and he believes "there are woman's clubs whose objects and intents are not only harmful but harmful in a way that directly menaces the integrity of our homes and the benign disposition of our wifehood and motherhood."

Mr. Cleveland thinks the rapid growth of woman's clubs is partly due to "the widespread and contagious fever for change or rearrangement which seems to leave no phase of our people's life untouched." He regards it as also in some measure a retaliation upon American husbands for surrendering themselves to business and the pursuit of wealth and neglecting their wives. Left to follow their own devices, women have taken up club life as a refuge from loneliness and monotony. He denounces man's neglect of woman as a "dastardly offense," but thinks women who forsake their homes for clubs only make their situation and their children's far worse.—Chicago Tribune.

Girls Should Not

Neglect the usages of polite society when at home.

Go off on trips which are not mentioned to parents.

Show to the men how fond they are of cash and dress.

Indulge in "rough house" play when the boys are present.

Forget that there is a time limit on youth's attractiveness.

Make the home of a friend more congenial than their own.

Make a point of attracting the notice of men in public places.

Lend their aid toward making a brother selfish in his home life.

Fall into the habit of frowning at mother when she speaks to them.

Waist of Irish Linen.

Waist of Irish linen, with Gibson effect over shoulder and gathered in front below a shaped and stitched band, which leaves an oval opening at the neck. Narrow stitched straps of the linen cross the chemisette of broderie anglaise and deep cuffs of the same; finish of small pearl buttons.

Mounted Army Nurses.

India has a staff of mounted army nurses. The Indian government allows these women of the Indian nursing service 30 rupees a month for the upkeep of their horses and free conveyance of their animals to and from active service. The corps of nurses are all women of good social position and have to undergo three years' training in a general hospital before qualifying.

Anyhow, She Says So.

A married woman finds consolation in the knowledge that she has the best husband in the world.

It pays to advertise in this paper.

EDITORIALS

Opinions of Great Papers on Important Subjects.

Wasted Sympathy.

A YOUNG woman attempted to commit suicide in Kansas City because she could not find work. She took a dose of laudanum, but the police surgeons pumped it out of her and saved her life.

On the face of it, it seems pitiful, but dig down deeper and no sympathy will be wasted. This young woman walked the streets of the city for two days in search of employment, and found none. She had no especial aptitude for any particular line of endeavor in business life. She had no letters of recommendation. After being buffeted about for forty-eight hours she swallowed a dose of laudanum.

It was too bad, wasn't it, that this girl with little education and absolutely no training in business life could not find employment?

At the time she was vainly searching for work every employment agency in the city had a dragnet out to find women who would do the cooking in small families for wages ranging from $3.50 to $5 a week. She could have had a place in a good, Christian home for the asking. A thousand doorbells were waiting for her to press the button. But she did not want this kind of work. She wanted to do something that she could not do, and tried to end her life rather than do something that she could do.

A very wise man said once that there were three things that the Lord did not know. One of them was a woman's reason for her actions.—Kansas City World.

Just Common Gamblers.

BIGELOW loots a bank, to gamble in wheat, and the business world professes to be shocked. The race track fiend takes $10 from his employer's till, loses it with the aid of a dope sheet, and then takes more. That is simply Bigelow in a minor key. There is not a shadow of difference in the moral or ethical aspect of the case. They are gamblers all—just common gamblers. If anything, the fellow with the automobile and the diamonds deserves less sympathy than the shoestring player, who has to borrow car far home.

It may be possible to be a gambler without being a thief, but there are more thieves made by gambling than by all other causes combined. The confirmed gambler is usually devoid of moral sense. So are thieves, embryo or actual.

The moral plane of the millionaire wheat or stock plunger is exactly that of the dice-thrower or faro player. He is looking for something for nothing. If he happens to be the president of a bank, and gambles with sacred trust funds, he adds the most contemptible form of crime to his moral depravity. If he happens to be an alleged pillar of society, a vestryman in a church, a prominent factor in charitable and philanthropic work, his downfall and exposure help to unsettle the whole social fabric.

Bigelow's crime fell upon the business world like a thunderbolt. That was because a big gambler played too recklessly. If wheat had gone up instead of down, Bigelow might have paid back his stealings and shone as a mighty star in the financial firmament. Instead of wearing stripes he might have dealt out more moral platitudes at future meetings of the American Bankers' Association.

Such is gamblers' luck. A gambler that takes such chances in cold blood has no claim on any one's sympathy. It is those that he drags over the precipice with him that are entitled to sympathy. The innocent will suffer for gamblers' crimes to the end of time.—Chicago Examiner.

Fads in the School.

THE New York Board of Education has voted to shorten the course of study in the elementary schools, cutting out the "fads and fancies" and confining the instruction strictly to essentials.

The teaching of sewing, physical training, organized games, physiology, hygiene and drawing will accordingly be dropped in the first year of the elementary course and attention will be concentrated upon the three R's.

Faddists have had too much recognition in the public schools of this country generally. Every crank thinks his own particular hobby the all-important one, and the lists of studies have become lumbered up with the "bright thoughts" of several generations of amateur educationalists. Meanwhile, common sense has had a poor chance.

"Only a short time ago," says Commissioner Adams, of the New York board, "I was directed by a concern with which I am connected to secure the services of two young men as clerks. There were about 120 applicants for these positions. The greater portion of them were from the public schools of this city. You ought to see the letters they wrote. They were absolutely disgraceful. The spelling was bad and the writing itself was worse."

The same complaint comes from every quarter. The colleges complain of the bad spelling of would-be matriculates, and even the engineering schools assert that the engineers they turn out cannot write a report in decent English.

It will be a blessing alike to the children and the taxpayers if the expensive gewgaws introduced into the public schools, particularly into the elementary schools, by alleged educators be abolished and higher standards of practical efficiency exacted.—Kansas City World.

Accounting for Railway Casualties.

THERE are several conditions peculiar to American railroads which account for our large casualty list. The chief among these, undoubtedly, is the inherent restlessness of a not inconsiderable section of our railroad employes, which shows itself in the chronic disposition to move on and try some new field of work. This results in a continual change of personnel, with the result that at any given time, on any given road, there will be found a large number of employes who are entirely new to, or but little familiar with, the special local conditions surrounding their work. Now, it is this familiarity with the local conditions, over and above the general knowledge which any engineer, conductor, brakeman, signalman, switchman, must have of his duties in the abstract—it is this familiarity we say, that is the very best safeguard against railroad accidents, or at least against those that have to do with the running of the trains.

Second only in importance as a contributory cause to railroad accidents is the continual change which is taking place in the management and official staff of our railroads, and in their ownership. As a result of the mad whirl of organization and reorganization, combinations, receiverships, and what not, there is a continual change of management from president to roadmaster. Well-established organizations and systems of management, that have gained that smoothness and accuracy of working and that mutual confidence and sense of interdependence, which can only come from long and successful association in the operation of a particular system, are suddenly broken up by the sale of the road or its combination with some other system; new men are introduced into high offices; and they, in turn, have their own particular friends or well-tried assistants whom they naturally wish to introduce; heart burnings, jealousies and disappointments ensue; and the whole operative system of the road is shaken from summit to foundation; for the general unrest invariably distributes itself throughout the whole working force of the road, with a consequent lowering of discipline and more or less careless performance of duties.—Scientific American.

Women and Housekeeping.

THE simple art of housekeeping! It is because so many women have this mistaken view of the home and of home-making that so many families are driven to-day to hotels and so many men to clubs, whose proprietors and stewards do not regard home-making as a "simple art," but as a life-work, worthy of all the special education and training that art and science can give. The trouble at the bottom of all these profitless criticisms and discussions between men and women as to the rights and privileges of the two sexes lies in the fact that advocates of men's rights and women's rights consider men and women on a comparative and competitive basis. The sexes are neither comparative nor competitive. One is the complement of the other, each fulfilling in mind, spirit and body distinct and necessary functions in the life of the race.—New York Outlook.

SILK CULTURE.

Like the culture of tea, silk production, which confers an enormous benefit on China, and has now become an indispensable industry to the world, is the most modest occupation imaginable. In "Through China with a Camera," Mr. Thomson describes the various progressive steps through which the staple passes till it is ready for the looms of China or Lyons.

The eggs of the silkworm are hatched about the middle of April. The best season to obtain them for exportation is in March or the beginning of April. The young worms, when hatched, are placed on bamboo frames and fed on mulberry leaves cut up into small shreds. As the worms increase in size they are transferred to a larger number of frames and are fed with leaves not so finely cut; and so the process continues until, in their last stage, the leaves are given to them entire. After hatching, the worms continue eating during five days, and then sleep for the first time for two days.

When they again awake, their appetite is not quite so good, and they usually eat for four days only and sleep again for two days more. Then they eat for the third time for four days and repose for two. This eating and repose is usually repeated four times, and then, having gained full strength, they proceed to spin their cocoons. The task of spinning occupies them from four to seven days more; and when this business is completed, three days are spent in stripping off the cocoon, and some seven days later each small cultivator brings his silken harvest to the local market and disposes of it to native traders, who make it up into bales.

The quality of the silk is first of all affected by the breed of the worms that spin it, then by the quality of the leaves and the mode of feeding. Silkworms are injured by noise, by the presence, and especially the handling, of strangers, and by noxious smells. They must be fed at regular hours, and the temperature of the apartment must not be too high.

The greatest defect in Chinese silk has been due to the primitive mode of reeling which the natives adopt.

Shanghai is the great silk mart, and there, about June 1st, the first season's silk is usually brought down. It is never the growers who bring the silk to the foreign market. These growers are invariably small farmers, who have a few mulberry bushes planted in some odd corner of their tilled lands, and the rearing of the worm and the production of silk by no means monopolize the whole of their time. It is only a spring occupation for the women and younger members of their families.

COLORS VARIED AT WILL.

Butterflies of Any Desired Species Produced by Scientist.

A discovery of the greatest importance to zoology, nothing less, in fact, than the production of varieties of butterflies simply by the use of changes of temperature of the chrysalides and cocoons, is announced in Nuova Antologia of Rome. Such experiments are peculiarly interesting, in view of the recent work and theories of Professor Hugo De Vries, of Amsterdam, on the subject of species and variation.

For a long time work in zoology has been centered upon classification, but now the study has become an experimental one, and in this new road Professor Standfuss, of Zurich, has obtained some remarkable results. It seems that certain species of butterflies have successive and different generations, the chrysalides of the vanessa lavana, for example, producing in the spring a butterfly which deposits its egg in summer, and from which there is born in the same year a butterfly which differs entirely in form and color from the first generation. Now, if we submit the autumn egg to a high temperature 86 degrees Fahrenheit the butterfly which is born has the same form and color as the summer insect.

The same result is obtained with the vanessa urticae, which is found under different forms at the North Cape and in Sardinia. By cooling the air in which the egg, cocoon or chrysalis is placed there is obtained the northern form of the butterfly, while if he warm the egg or cocoon to 86 degrees Fahrenheit the southern form comes into existence. A splendid experiment is the one which may be performed with the macaone. In this case one need only raise the temperature to obtain the beautiful form of the butterfly which lives in the orient; exposing the chrysalis alternately to temperatures of 40 degrees above zero centigrade and 40 degrees below, we obtain an ancient species, which is no longer in existence. This experiment was made by Standfuss on from six to seven thousand cocoons and chrysalides, and he succeeded in obtaining the greater portion of the species of the past as well as some of the new species, and this to such a degree that he could clearly demonstrate the effect of heredity.

Not only differences of temperature, however, but also the chemical composition of the air, has its effect on the chrysalis and produces a variation in the development. It is possible simply by changing the chemical composition of the air to change entirely the color of the butterfly.

Faiths of Japanese Generals.

Gen. Nogi and Gen. Kuroki are members of the Presbyterian Church, and Field Marshal Oyama's wife is also a member in good standing of that denomination. Admiral Togo is a Roman Catholic.

A Hammer Duet.

"That fellow Fibbers,' said Jaggson, contemptuously. "He seems to be afraid of the truth."

"Well, you know," replied Billson, "it is always best to be cautious of strangers."—Tacoma News.

SMELT ALASKA TIN

SEATTLE MEN PROPOSE TO ERECT PLANT.

There Is at Present No Tin Smelter in This Country, and It Is Believed a Great Industry Would Center Around One—Plenty of Ore in Alaska.

Seattle, May 25.—A tin smelter, the first ever erected in the United States, will be built in Seattle this summer, according to the statement made by John E. Burton, of Milwaukee, president of the United States Alaska Tin Mining Company. C. B. Bussell, a well known local business man, has guaranteed the erection of the smelter, providing Alaska tin men will guarantee to send their concentrates here, which Mr. Burton states they will do, and behind Mr. Bussell are several prominent moneyed men of this city.

"The building of the smelter will mean a great deal to Seattle," said Mr. Burton. "It will give her prestige as a tin center that, no matter what other tin discoveries may be made in the United States or Alaska, she will never loose. She will be the first city in the country to have anything of the kind, and it will be almost impossible to take away her business after she has once secured it. The building of a smelter is a move that tin men who have realized Alaska can furnish the concentrates have long advocated, and it now seems an assured fact."

There is absolutely no doubt, according to Mr. Burton, that tin exists in large quantities in Alaska. His company purchased for $200,000, twenty claims, embracing five miles of territory, at Cape Prince of Wales, or as it is now generally called, Cape Mountain, and Mr. Burton will take with him mining machinery worth $14,000, including a ten-stamp mill capable of turning out forty tons of ore a day.

"The United States has never yet produced a pound of tin, saving that brought out of Alaska, said Mr. Burton. "although we are the consumers of 50 per cent of the world's production. On the Pacific coast alone 180,000 tons of tin plate a year is used.

"Tin is worth $340 a ton in concentrates and $600 a ton pure, and up there at Cape Mountain we have the tin. Not my company alone, but other companies, are operating there. On our property we have found a big vein of very rich ore and we are certain of results. There will be a whole lot of concentrates sent down next fall, and with a smelter in Seattle to handle them a business will be started, with this city as the center, that will prove a fine one. It should be remembered that it takes only two tons of tin in its pure state to make 100 tons of tin plate, the basis of tin plate being sheet iron, and when I assert that our Alaska tin is not only of a fine grade, but shows every promise of being plentiful, it will readily be seen that a smelter here could easily form a basis for an immense tin plate industry."

MACHEN PLEADS GUILTY.

Admits He Conspired to Defraud the Government.

Washington, May 24.—August W. Machen, formerly superintendent of the free delivery department of the postal service, has entered a plea of guilty to the indictment charging him with conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with the sale of letter carriers' supplies to the department in conjunction with George E. Lorenz, of Toledo, and William G. Crawford, of Washington. Machen threw himself on the mercy of the court. He was sentenced to a term of two years at Moundsville penitentiary, to be served at the conclusion of his present term. William G. Crawford made a plea of not guilty. Machen requested that nothing he might say should prejudice the other defendants. It is understood the other twelve indictments against Machen will be quashed.

BIG DEMAND FOR SACKS.

Penitentiary Jute Mill Can Not Fill All Orders.

Olympia, May 24.—The penitentiary jute mill has orders for a quarter of a million more sacks than its possible capacity, according to James H. Davis, of the board of control, who has just returned from Walla Walla. The output of the mill this year will be about two million sacks. Notice has been given that orders are now in excess of the output, but they still come in. In the opinion of Mr. Davis, three million sacks could be sold this season if it were possible to manufacture them. The sacks sell at the penitentiary at $5.85 a hundred.

Considering Bellinger's Successor.

Portland, Or., May 25.—It has developed that Charles H. Robb, assistant attorney general of the United States, has been in the city for two days past. Mr. Robb stated to a representative of the Associated Press that he is in the city to confer with United States District Attorney Heney regarding the appointment of a federal judge to succeed the late Charles B. Bellinger.

William Zeigler Dead.

Stamford, Conn., May 24.—William Zeigler, the millionaire baking powder man and financial backer of polar expeditions, is dead at his home on Great Island. He was injured in an accident last October and has been ill since.

PLAN FOR ANNUITIES.

Presbyterians to Raise Large Fund for Aged Ministers.

Winona Lake, Ind., May 25.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church yesterday heard, discussed and approved the recommendations incorporated in the reports of the committees on foreign missions and Sunday school work; appointed a committee to investigate and report on the feasibility of the plan of Justice Harlan, of the United States supreme court, for the erection of a central Presbyterian cathedral at the national capital and indorsed a project which proposes the collection of a permanent fund of $10,000,000, the income from which is to be expended in anuities for aged ministers of the Presbyterian church and their families. The committee on sustenance was commissioned to undertake the work of establishing this fund.

The committee now has a permanent fund of nearly $1,650,000 with which to begin operations. The remainder is to be raised among congregational contributions, gifts and an insurance scheme by which a minister may, by paying about $24 a year for thirty years, draw an annuity of $500.

Before the thirty years have elapsed it is estimated the fund will be sufficient to increase the annuity to $1,000. There are 820 ministers entitled to share in this annuity plan. The assembly will undertake to get control of its young people by transferring them from the jurisdiction of the Christian Endeavor Union to the direct care of the Presbyterian church.

SETTLED OLD DIFFICULTIES.

Hill and Harriman Said to Be Again in Harmony.

New York, May 25.—Announcement was made from an official source yesterday that a final settlement of all the difficulties growing out of the old corner in Northern Pacific Railway Company stocks had been reached, and that henceforth there would be harmony between the Hill and Harriman forces. It is said that the details of the harmony agreement were worked out at a conference held between the representatives of the various interests involved and at which also some of the principals, including Mr. Harriman, were present.

The deal is said to be in the form of a joint agreement between the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific companies for the construction of a road between the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific roads in the Clearwater district, to be operated jointly by the two companies. There was a pronounced advance in the Northern Securities group of stocks as well as a recovery in Union Pacific and other Harriman stocks.

GOVERNOR OF BAKU KILLED BY A BOMB

Baku, Caucassia, May 25.—The governor of Baku, Prince Nakachidza, was assassinated yesterday by a bomb which was thrown at his carriage. A lieutenant who was accompanying the governor, and a bystander were also killed by the explosion and the coachman is believed to have been fatally injured.

FOR CLOSER UNION.

United Brethren Vote to Affiliate With Two Other Churches.

Topeka, Kan., May 22.—The United Brethren general conference has voted in favor of union with the Congregational and the Methodist Protestant churches. The syllabus adopted does not provide for an organic union of the three churches, but only for a closer federation. When the vote was taken only eight negative votes were recorded. Many of the delegates, however, stated that they were not voting for organic union.

Commissioners will be appointed to confer with representatives of the Methodist Protestant and Congregational churches. Whatever plan they agree on will be submitted to a referendum vote of the membership of the three churches. So far as the legislative bodies of the churches are concerned, the church union is settled.

BUSINESS PORTION OF WHITE HORSE BURNED

Dawson, Y. T., May 24.—White Horse was swept by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. Most of the town is in ruins and the total loss will reach about $300,000, partly covered by insurance. The only fire engine in the place broke down at a critical moment after working three minutes. Much of the stocks in the stores was entirely destroyed.

The burned district extends from the postoffice to the telegraph office, and includes the sites of most of the big hotels and business houses and the White Pass depots. The wharves were saved. The fire originated in the barber shop of the Windsor hotel.

Files Charges Against Self.

Berlin, May 22.—Gov. Horn, of the German colony of Togoland, West Africa, has filed with the colonial office a charge against himself of unfitness to any longer rule the colony. He had occasion some time ago to punish a native member of his colored troops, and did so according to the custom of the country by tying him to a tree for several hours. Later the governor reconsidered his order and instructed his adjutant to ride as fast as possible and release the man, but in the meantime the negro had died as a result of exposure to the sun. The governor was so troubled by his act that he filed a charge against himsself.

CHURCHES TO UNITE

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERY TAKES FAVORABLE ACTION.

Vigorous Minority, However, Opposes Action and Will Enter Protest—Question of Central Edifice at Washington Cause of Discussion at Winona Lake.

Fresno, Cal., May 24.—By a majority of 27 the Cumberland General Assembly adopted the majoriy report declaring for union with the Northern Presbyterian church.

Rev. S. N. Locagn, of Tennessee, opened the debate with a speech in opposition to union. Judge Tally, of Scotsboro, Ala.; A. F. Pendergast, of Marshal, Texas; J. H. Fussell, James Millikin, University, Ill., and Judge Settle, of the supreme court of Kentucky, aslo spoke in opposition to union. In the closing speech against union Judge Fussell, of Tennessee, said that for the assembly to declare for union would be to become seceders from the chruch and that one man remaining could control all the property.

The last speech in the affirmative was by Dr. Templeton, chairman of the committee. He answered briefly the arguments of opposition speakers and urged that no hasty action be taken nor passionate advice followed.

"If some of you join the Southern Presbyterian church, as you have spoken of doing," prophesied the speaker, "you will hardly get comfortably seated before we are all together again." This remark was greeted with laughter and applause.

The question was clearly stated by the moderator amidst an oppressive silence and the vote was taken without excitement.

The minority report was voted down and the majority report adopted by a majority of 27. The opponents of the union gave notice of the proposed protest and called a conference to prepare such a paper. The conference was held during the evening.

Winona Lake, Ind., May 23.—Without debate or a dissenting voice, the general assembly of the Presbyterian church voted to reunite with the Cumberland Presbyterian church, which seceded from the general body February 1, 1810, thereby bringing together the two largest branches of the Presbyterian faith.

DIVIDE ON CENTRAL CHURCH.

Proposed Central Presbyterian Edifice Arouses Opposition.

Winona Lake, Ind., May 24.—The plan for the erection of a central Presbyterian cathedral at the national capital, as proposed by Justice John M. Harlan, of the supreme court of the United States, and upon which a divided report was submitted by a special committee having the proposition under consideration when taken up tomorrow will, it appears, encounter serious opposition.

The majority report recommended that the report be referred to the Washington presbytery through a committee to be appointed by the general assembly. The minority report opposes the erection of the central church.

The chief reason advanced by the opposition is that they can conceive no particular reason why such a church should be erected. It is expected that Justice Harlan will explain his project in detail before the general assembly, asking that the committee make a report to the next general assembly.

Downs Consolidation.

The assembly voted down the proposed consolidation of the college board and the board of education. The plan for raising $500,000 during the coming year to be applied to the church college fund was approved.

The overture from the Nassau presbytery, asking the substitution of a brief statement of faith for the Westminster confession, was defeated.

Church and Labor.

The report of the board of home missions shows the board is out of debt. It received $867,000 last year and expended $866,000, and on April 1 had over $40,000 in the treasury. The report said the relations between the church and labor organizations are growing closer.

A resolution was adopted that subcommittees be appointed to make a systematic study of the entire industrial problem at their respective localities. These committees are to co-operate with the newly organized workingmen's department, and Presbyterian churches in every city are to establish closer relations with organized labor.

Rev. Charles Steilze, labor representative of the Presbyterian church, in discussing the report of the home mission board, said socialism and trade unionism are questions which the Presbyterian church must consider in dealing with union workers. Socialism, he said, is becoming a substitute for the church for thousands of workingmen.

The labor union, he said, had come to stay, and that fact had better be recognized by the Presbyterian church

Russians Passing Philippines.

Manila, May 25.—Official advices have been received from Vigan that on May 20 over fifty war vessels were sighted off the east coast of the Batan islands, sailing in a northeasterly direction. It is supposed that the vessels were Russian. The Batan islands are about half way between Luzon and Formosa.

RATE HEARING CLOSED.

Senate Committee Will Devote Week to Report to Congress.

Washington, May 24.—The senate committee on interstate commerce has closed its hearing on regulation of railroad rates and will devote the remainder of the week to consideration of a plan of report and other suggestions to facilitate proceedings when congress assembles.

A. R. Orion, general counsel for the Armour car lines, made an argument against any legislation which would place the private car lines under control of the interstate commerce commission. He demanded exclusive rights, which, he claimed, were in the interest of the fruit growers and other users of refrigerator cars.

President Spencer, of the Southern Railway, made the surprising declaration before the committee that the railroads eventually will have to adopt the policy that the public demands. He said the railroads did not so much oppose regulation, but merely resisted attempts to enact legislation that would deprive them of resort to the courts.

IDAHO EXTENSION TO BE BUILT BY N. P.

Tacoma, May 22.—All doubts that have existed as to the intention of the Northern Pacific company with regard to operations in the vicinity of Lewiston, Idaho, have been set at rest by the official announcement by C. M. Levey, assistant to President Howard Elliott, that the Northern Pacific will build a line to Grangeville, Idaho, just as soon as the surveyors now in the field can locate a route.

The renewed activity of the Northern Pacific in and about Lewiston and the Clearwater valley, where a number of surveying parties are at work, has been the cause of much speculation, but no confirmation of any of the existing rumors could be secured until this time, Mr. Levey now authorizing the statement that the company will positively build the Grangeville line, and that construction of the proposed branch will begin just as soon as a route is determined upon.

Three Routes Being Considered.

At the present time three different routes are under consideration by the Northern Pacific, one of which will be selected for a route to Grangeville. One of these routes providess for a branch line extending from Culdesac to the high plateau on which Grangeville is located; another provides for a branch from some point on the Clearwater Short Line, beginning at Lewiston and extending along an old survey made by the Northern Pacific several years ago, which gradually makes its way into the highlands, after which the route to Grangeville is comparatively easy.

Any one of these lines, however, provides for a heavy grade, as Grangeville is on very high land, while Lewiston is in the gulch, and this difference must be overcome in a distance of less than ninety miles. The Northern Pacific now has surveyors at work on all three of the proposed routes, and Mr. Levey announces that a route will not be decided upon until reports have been received on all the propositions.

NORTHERN PACIFIC EXTENSION.

Contract Let for Line From Denhoff, N. D., West.

St. Paul, May 23.—The Northern Pacific has commenced extending its lne west from Denhoff, N. D. The plan is ultimately to extend fifty-four miles to Coal Harbor, on the East bank of the Missouri river, in the lignite coal section. The contract has been let for the first fifteen miles. The survey is completed for the whole route, but the remainder of the track will not be laid until later. The proposed line goes through a rolling country and much grading is necessary, making it an expensive piece of construction. There will be townsites about every five miles along the line.

FAIRBANKS TO HAVE VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

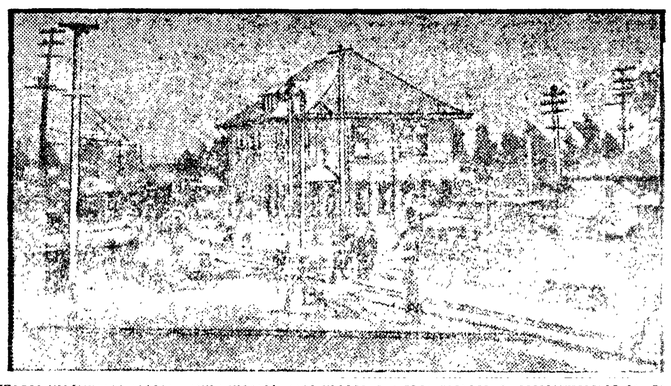
Fairbanks, Alaska, May 22—Alarmed to the point of vigorous action by the recent holdups which have taken place and by the presence of many desperate characters, the leading citizens of this city have decided to organize themselves into a vigilance committee. The committee will consist of 100 members and only tried and true men will be admitted. These will sign a call and then hold a secret meeting for the purpose of adopting a code of signals for action.

Today it is as much as a man's life is worth to travel the creek roads with dust, now that the rivers are open so that the bandits can get away with their booty. Holdups are of almost daily occurrence and bloodshed may result at any time. Thoroughly cognizant of the conditions which threaten, the committee proposes to run all suspicious characters out of the country.

Cavein at United States Mine.

Prescott, Ariz., May 23.—Millions of tons of earth and rock caved in at noon yesterday in Senator Clark's United States copper mine, at Jerome, Ariz., the ground dropping over the surface of the 700-foot level. Cracking timbers gave the alarm and 300 miners fled for their ilves and escaped uninjured. It is expected that it will take at least a month to repair the damage.

WHERE FOUR TRAINS MEET,



THE TIPTON (IND.) STATION, ON THE LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

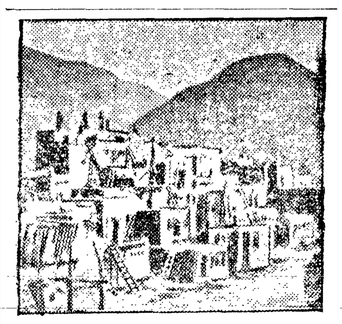
Tipton, Ind., enjoys the distinction of being the daily meeting place of twelve passenger trains under very unusual circumstances. Four trains on the Lake Erie and Western Railroad arrive from, and depart for, the four principal points of the compass, three times each day passing at this point.

Three times a day during six days of the week the four steel chargers are seen drawn up at the station crossing, as shown in the accompanying illustration, which is reproduced from the Four-Track News. They exchange passengers, baggage, mail and express from the north, south, east and west, then pass each other and follow the rails in their several directions. Twice during daylight they stand there and snort at each other, and once in the dark they come together, each trying to outdazzle the other with its big, bright eye.

PICTURESQUE ANTIQUITY.

Ruins of a Civilization Existing Before Columbus Landed.

With the entrance of New Mexico and Oklahoma (Indian Territory being included in the latter) as States, there will be admitted many copper-colored voters. The Pueblo Indians of New Mexico and Arizona are full-fledged citizens even now, under the terms of the treaty by which the country they occupy was acquired from Mexico. In Oklahoma are a number of tribes which, having recently accepted allotments of land in severalty, are endowed with the privilege of the franchise; and, though the so-called "five civilized tribes" of the Indian Territory are as yet a nation separate and

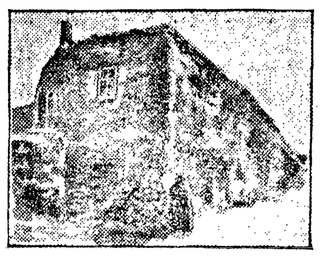


TYPICAL NEW MEXICAN TOWN.

distinct from our own, they will likewise possess the right of ballot when, in 1906, the region they inhabit is opened to settlement.

Some of these peoples, voters and non-voters, comprised within the area mentioned, are very curious and interesting. For instance, there are the Havasupi, who live deeper down in the bowels of the earth than any other known human beings. Their dwelling place is Cataract Canyon, an offshoot of Grand Canyon, which is called the Place of the Ladders, because the town at the bottom can be reached only by such means, descending the vertical cliffs. These strange folk tan buckskin and make beautiful baskets; and they own wonderful deposits of copper ore and red earth suitable for the manufacture of paints, which are eagerly sought by the Moki for coloring their weird masks and other paraphernalia for ceremonial dances. The Moki are such marvelous runners that frequently they make a trip on foot to the canyon, a distance of 100 miles, in a single day.

The Moki of Arizona and the Zuni of New Mexico are called Pueblo Indians—the word "pueblo" meaning a town. They are builders of towns of a most peculiar pattern, which are



OLDEST HOUSE IN AMERICA.

constructed much after the manner of beehives, an entire city being practically under one roof, with a multiplicity of rooms arranged in suites. Entrance to the apartments is accomplished by ladders. These aborigines are sun-worshipers, and the orb of day is their great god. Next in importance in their cosmogony is the snake god, who controls the rain supply. In honor of various divinities are held elaborate dances, the most remarkable of which is the famous "snake dance," in which some of the participants actually carry five live rattlesnakes in their mouths. Another odd custom of theirs obliges the young girls to wear their hair done up at the sides of their heads in such a way as to imitate squash flowers, while the tresses of the old women are braided to represent the withered stalks of the squash vine.

From an antiquarian standpoint this southwestern region is the most wonderfully interesting on the continent. Here where snakes hiss and rattle and the coyote howls was a civilization long before Columbus touched these shores and relics of it are still blistered by the sun in their derest loneliness. Hundreds of ruins are to be found of a race of men who, scientists tell us, were 7 and 8 feet tall and who lived in houses cut in the solid rock. Here the cliff dwellers had their seat of power and here are the links which bind the old Spanish invaders with the civilization of to-day. As one walks about Santa Fe, or any of the other cities, scenes of the centuries past greet his eye. Santa Fe is the site of an ancient pueblo, or town, ruins of which are still visible, and which present a singular contrast to the street cars, electric lights and other features of modern city life to be found in this second oldest city of the United States. One of the interesting spots is an old house of crumbling stone and mortar which is reputed to be the oldest house in the United States. Not far from Santa Fe are villages which present all the aspects of the aborigines practically as they appeared to Cortes and Coronado. Of the adobe towns, or pueblos, the most noted in Taos, which lies in a beautiful valley, watered by branches of the Rio Grande. It has two great adobe buildings five stories high, surrounded by prosperous ranches.

The pueblos of New Mexico are nineteen in number and are very similar in appearance. Each accommodates from 100 to 300 persons, the pueblo Indians being communistic in their manner of living. The houses are built one upon another, in a succession of terraces, sometimes five in number, the upper stories being reached by means of ladders. The walls are very thick and the interior is gained, not through doors, but by entrance ways cut in the roof. The Pueblo Indians have been pronounced by ethnologists to be the oldest race on the continent.

COLD CAUSED BY MICROBE.

Popular Notion that It Is Caused by Exposure a Failure.

The common theory that all colds are the result of exposure of some sort is a great mistake. Exposure is not the direct cause of the disease. Scientists say that colds are caused by a hostile microbe, which gains a foothold when vitality is lowered by exposure, and that if one is inured to exposures he has an effective remedy against the microbe of cold as well as many others. There are many evidences to prove this theory. There are many places where it is impossible to catch cold, because there is no cold to catch.

Nansen and his men, during the three years they spent in the arctic regions, were immune from cold, though they were constantly enduring exposure of every kind. They passed day after day in clothes so saturated with perspiration that by day they froze into a solid mass, so that they cut into the flesh. And at night, in their sleeping bags, the first hour was spent in thawing out. They returned to civilization none the worse in health, but soon contracted severe colds upon reaching there.

Then there is the remarkable instance of St. Kilda, that lonely, rocky island which was visited by Dr. Johnson when he and Boswell were making their famous tour of the Hebrides. There are about 100 inhabitants on the island. The coasts are so precipitous that for eight months of the year it is practically inaccessible. Several vessels from the mainland call there during the summer. And, strange to say, whenever a ship reaches the island from the mainland every inhabitant, even to the infants, is seized with a cold. This fact has been known for more than 200 years and was of great interest to Dr. Johnson, who was skeptical concerning it.

The question of this St. Kilda cold long puzzled men, who never dreamed that it was an infectious disease and that without the possibility of infection it is impossible to catch it, no matter what the exposure may be. That is to say, it is due to a micro-organism, and without the presence of this micro-organism the disease cannot be contracted.

What It Signifies.

"When a man writes poetry to a girl it's a pretty good sign that he truly loves her, isn't it?"

"Not necessarily," answered Miss Cayenne. "It may be that he merely happened to think of a lot of words that rhyme with her name."—Washington Star.

Those women who look "as if a wind could blow them away," can usually sweep and dust all around their heavier sisters.

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MEMORIAL DAY.

Another springtime with its reviving life in nature brings with it the season of flowers and a renewal of our obligation to the memory of those brave boys who gave up their lives in the holy cause of their country. Next Tuesday will here be devoted to them, and it is fitting that in this place and at this time we say something appropriate to the day that so vividly brings back to us in recollection the scenes and events of forty-one years ago. Most of us live only in the present, letting "the dead past bury its dead," and only considering the future as "sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." But it is good for us as a people to study well the struggle of the founders of this Republic, and learn on what they builded; it is also well that we know minutely the details of the desperate conflict between the years 1861-5 to maintain this nation; it is wise for us to know why Washington was the Father of his country and how Lincoln was the Savior of his country. An incentive to these lessons is found every year in the beautiful ceremony of Memorial Day. This brings home to the youth of our land, as nothing else could, an object lesson, made more palpable by the presence of the scarred and grizzled veterans who gave the best four years of their young lives in a war to preserve for themselves and their children and their children's children, to the remotest generation, the best government on earth. This day teaches them lessons of patriotism and self sacrifice, making for the present and the future vantage from the soldiers of the Republic that is only surpassed in value by the blessings of a united and prosperous country secured by the patriotism and valor of those whom we this day delight to honor. The best hope of the future of this land lies with its youth; but while we are trying to teach them lessons of devotion to the principles involved in the wars of the past, we can and must set them an example of the highest and best citizenship attainable, shorn of selfishness and self seeking, dishonor and impurity.

THE AMERICAN MATTERHORN.

But few American tourists know of the delights to be had by them in some parts of their own country. Mount Ranier, for instance, sends down more glacial ice than is to be seen in all the Swiss Alps combined. Of its eighteen or more glaciers, at least ten are larger than the celbrated Mer de Glace of Mount Blanc. A native of Switzerland said, after ascending Mt. Ranier, that it was a greater feat than climbing Mt. Blanc and fully equal to the ascent of the Matterhorn, and he had made the ascent of the former and had been well up on the latter.

One of the opening features of the Lewis and Clark fair will be the holding of the National Good Roads convention, June 21-24.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Report from city attorney in matter of street grade tax collections, with treasurer's receipt for $25.79 as amount collected was read and ref'd to finance committee.

Complaint and summons in suit brought against Geist & Geist in which the City of Port Angeles is made party as defendant, was ref'd to city attorney.

Communication from Civic Club, reciting the good work done in clearing park grounds, and asking that inasmuch as it had been found that the water of the creek was unfit for drinking by reason of sewage, the city furnish sufficient one-half inch pipe to connect park ground with water system, they agreeing to have same placed without further cost to the city, was ref'd to f., l. and w. com.

Following claims were allowed: Pacific Eng. Co., hose, $350; C. Wise and men, street work, $176; Police Justice, court fees, $3.85; D. O'Brien, wood, $119.25.

Resolution offered by Councilman Hallahan, providing that city take steps to gain possession and control of water pipes and mains constructed and laid under franchise granted H. A. Lingenbrink, outside of original townsite, was ref'd to city attorney.

Matter of pending suit against city came up and on motion the sum of $50 was allowed for use of city attorney in caring for city's interest.

E. A. Snyder presented his resignation as engineer at power house, to be in effect at noon of 23rd inst. and filed bill for services for 22½ days in sum of $79.87. Resignation accepted; rules suspended and claim ordered paid.

A motion by Councilman Bown that the electric light committee be authorized to employ some competent man as engineer, vice Snyder, resigned, was seconded and carried.

WILL TAKE LUMBER

Bark Thompson to Take Deck Load to Alaska.

The bark Ferris S. Thompson, Capt. M. White of Ballard, is in port waiting to take on a deck load of lumber before sailing for Kotezbue Sound, around on the Arctic coast of Alaska, where she goes with coal loaded at Ladysmith. The Captain paid $500 duty on the coal here. Collector T. T. Aldwell is endeavoring to make arrangements by which the Thompson, as well as two or three other ships owned by Capt. White, will take on cargoes of lumber here for South American ports next fall. Capt. White has been corresponding with certain counsels with the intention of securing orders, and Collector Aldwell is making the point that by loading here he can save towage up-sound and at the same time help out our industries. The Thompson will probably sail the first of the week.

The estimated deficiency of the revenues of the government for the fiscal year to close July 1 is approximately $25,000,000. Senator Burrows, of Michigan, a leading member of the senate finance committee, is quoted as saying that an increase in the internal revenue tax on tobaccos, malt liquors or distilled spirits will be made to meet this deficiency.

Port Townsend will celebrate the Fourth.

TRANSPLANTING OYSTERS

First Attempt to Stock Beds on Large Scale with Eastern Bivalves.

A few years ago a barrel of Eastern oysters was planted at Olympia and proved a paying investment. Less than ten per cent died and, while the mature oysters did not propogate, they brought high prices.

A shipment of a carload of Eastern oyster seed, the first attempt to raise them on a large scale, has just been received at Olympia. There were 106 barrels, containing 20,000 to 30,000 young oysters each. It costs $12 to $14 per barrel to lay them down here on the sound. As experience has demonstrated that not more than ten per cent of the oysters die, and as they will have an unlimited market at from 2c to 2½c each wholesale in about three years, the gross returns might be placed as high as $50,000.

MEMORIAL SERMON

Address by Rev. W. H. Whelan at the Opera House Sunday.

Remember that the memorial sermon will be delivered at 2:30 Sunday at the opera house, by Rev. Whelan, and the Memorial Day services will be held Tuesday, same hour and place. The parade will be held before services, starting at 2:15, and the scattering of flowers on the waters of the bay will follow the exercises. All soldiers and sailors, city officers, civic societies, citizens and the public schools are invited to participate in the observance of the day.

In mentioning Mr. Flemming's new house last week we located him on Pine Hill; their friends, however, found them on Lincoln Heights instead, last Friday evening. The new home is on 9th, between C and D, near the Lincoln Heights school.

The people of Angeles are evidently strawberry hungry. One firm alone — The Central Market—received six crates yesterday and had orders for four more which they could not fill.

Mr. A. Epperson met with an accident while handling logs at Filion Mill last week, cracking one of the leg bones, so that he had to be taken to the hospital.

E. A. Snyder, who has resigned his position as engineer of the light plant, is going to Frisco where he has a good position as marine engineer.

Arthur Strong made a short visit here with his mother, Mrs. T. J. Appleton, this week; his friend Mr. Sullivan accompanied him.

Dr. and Mrs. Appleton, Dr. and Mrs. Cooke, Miss Birck and Jay Appleton enjoyed a few days the past week at The Alders.

Geo. Myers is utilizing such spare time as he has in building a 35 foot launch, on First street, south of the extension.

Superintendent Smith of the stone quarry was upsound this week.

Mrs. P. Connolly of Seattle is visiting Mrs. Durmul.

Dr. F. A. Cooke was upsound to Seattle this week.

It warms the cockles of the Evergreen heart these days to note the doings of the civic spirit that has got busy in the state this spring. From the pine-scented pastures of Spokane to the clam flats of Skamokawa, from the alkaline acres of Asotin to the billowy bay of Blaine, there comes the music of progress that must sound sweet even to the ears of the pessimist.— Olympic Recorder.

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Burpees Dwarf.....30c lb

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N. K. Sterling Beets.....75c lb
Golden Tankard.....40c lb
N. K. Champion Beets.....40c lb

CABBAGE
N. K. Wash. Wakefield....20c oz
Holland.....20c oz

CARROTS
Danvers Half Long.....70c lb
N. K. Mastodon.....70c lb

ONIONS
N. K. Sterling Onions.....20c oz
Yellow Globe Danvers.....10c oz
White Pickling.....10c oz

PEAS
American Wonder.....15c lb
Little Gem.....15c lb

MISCELLANEOUS
Peep O'Day Sweet Corn....60c lb
N. K. Sterling Cucumbers..10c oz
N. K. Sterling Lettuce.....10c oz
Conn. Field Pumkins.....50c 'b
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